Innodisk Corporation

Parent Company Only Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report

Years Ended December 31,2021 and 2020

(Stock Code: 5289)

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Innodisk Corporation

Parent Company Only Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report For the Years Ended December 31,2021 and 2020

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Innodisk Corporation:

Opinion

We have audited the parent company only balance sheets of Innodisk Corporation (the "Company") as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the related parent company only statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the parent company only financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the parent company only financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the parent company only financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and its financial performance and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the Parent Company Only financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the 2021 parent company only financial statements in our professional judgment. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the parent

company only financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the Innodisk Corporation's 2021 parent company only financial statements are as follows:

Key audit matter – Inventory Evaluation

Description

With respect to the accounting policy for inventory valuation, please refer to Note 4 (11) of the parent company only financial statements. For the uncertainty of accounting estimates and assumptions applied in inventory valuation, please refer to Note 5 (2). For the accounting entries of inventory, please refer to Note 6 (4).

Innodisk Corporate mainly manufactures and sells industrial storage devices and memory modules. Due to technological changes and price fluctuation of key raw materials, Innodisk's inventory is measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value and at the same time supplemented by separate identification of the usability of long-term inventory to recognize valuation loss. As the inventory valuation of Innodisk involves subjective judgment and the valuation is material to parent company only financial statements, we consider the inventory valuation as one of the key matters for audit.

How our audit addressed the matter

The scope of our audit responded to the risk as follows:

- 1. Understand the provision policy for valuation of inventory allowance to ensure that the provision policy for loss of inventory allowance during the reporting period is consistent.
- 2. Obtained net realizable value report for inventory items and verified that a consistent systematic logic was applied to the calculation. First, tested the assumptions such as: sources of sales data and relevant supporting estimation documents. Second, recalculated net realizable value item by item, then applied the lower of cost or net realizable value method for valuation and whether reasonable allowance was recognized.

- 3. Obtain an inventory aging report to conduct inventory aging test. Random sampling of inventory and compare inventory transaction records to confirm the classification of aging intervals.
- 4. Compared current and previous year's allowance for valuation of inventory loss and reviewed the reasonableness of allowance recognized.

Key audit matter - Existence of Sales Revenue

Description

For the accounting policy of revenue recognition, please refer to Note 4 (28) of the parent company only financial statements. For the description on accounting entries of sales revenue, please refer to Note 6 (16).

Innodisk Corporation is mainly engaged in the research, development, manufacturing and sales of industrial storage devices and memory modules. Due to that product diversification and innovation affect changes to top ten customers sales and the large transactions with top ten customers require much resources in audit, we have listed the existence of sales revenue of the top ten customers as one of the important items for audit.

How our audit addressed the matter

The scope of our audit responded to the risk as follows:

- Obtained an understanding of the process and basis of sales revenue recognition and collection with the top ten customers to evaluate the effectiveness of internal control of sales revenue recognition by the management, and test the effectiveness of internal control on shipping, billing and payment collection.
- 2. Obtain the evaluation data of the top ten customers, search for relevant information and verify them.
- 3. Test if the credit conditions for the top ten customers have been properly approved.
- 4. Selected samples of details of sales for the top ten customers to verify the related vouchers and status of subsequent payment collection.

5. Obtain details of sales returns in the subsequent period of the top ten customers and examine the status of sales returns.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the parent company only financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the parent company only financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of parent company only financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the parent company only financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the parent company only financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the parent company only financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. They are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the

economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these parent company only financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the parent company only financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the parent company only financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the parent company only financial

statements, including the disclosures, and whether the parent company only financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the parent company only financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit for the parent company. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Company's parent company only financial statements of 2021 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Yeh, Tsui Miao

Huang, Shih-Chun

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan

February 23, 2022

Innodisk Corporation Parent Company Only Balance Sheet December 31, 2021 and 2020

Expressed in Thousands of NTD

			I	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2020			
	Asset	Note		Amount	%	Amount	%		
	Current assets								
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6 (1)	\$	1,824,752	23	\$ 1,992,270	33		
1136	Current financial assets at amortised	6 (2)							
	cost			600,000	8	400,000	6		
1150	Notes receivable	6 (3)		1,986	-	258	-		
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6 (3)		1,178,044	15	582,340	10		
1180	Accounts receivable related parties	6 (3) and 7 (2)		357,219	5	282,216	5		
1200	Other receivables			2,879	-	2,627	-		
1210	Other receivables related parties	7 (2)		279	-	828	-		
1220	Current income tax assets	6 (25)		494	-	606	-		
130X	Inventories	6 (4)		1,532,434	19	737,236	12		
1410	Prepayments			87,465	1	44,566	1		
11XX	Current Assets			5,585,552	71	4,042,947	67		
	Non-current assets								
1535	Non-current financial assets at	6(2) and 8							
	amortized cost			10,706	-	7,706	-		
1550	Investments accounted for using	6 (5)							
	equity method			469,476	6	345,306	6		
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6 (6)		1,324,833	17	1,234,132	21		
1755	Right-of-use assets	6 (7)		182,889	2	186,848	3		
1760	Investment property, net	6 (9)		136,438	2	138,466	2		
1780	Intangible assets			27,164	-	16,760	-		
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6 (25)		56,350	1	34,728	1		
1900	Other non-current assets	6 (10)		83,541	1	16,113			
15XX	Non-current assets			2,291,397	29	1,980,059	33		
1XXX	Total Assets		\$	7,876,949	100	\$ 6,023,006	100		
				· 					

(Continued)

Innodisk Corporation Parent Company Only Balance Sheet December 31, 2021 and 2020

Expressed in Thousands of NTD

			I	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020)	
	Liabilities and Equity	Note		Amount	%	Amount	%
-	Current liabilities						
2130	Current contract liabilities	6 (18)	\$	8,184	_	\$ 27,005	-
2170	Accounts payable			923,937	12	537,013	9
2180	Accounts payable related parties	7 (2)		16,023	-	2,053	-
2200	Other payables	6 (21)		429,717	6	275,618	5
2220	Other payables related parties	7 (2)		8,124	-	4,226	-
2230	Current income tax liabilities	6 (25)		272,026	3	108,317	2
2250	Provisions for liabilities-current	6 (14)		59,600	1	61,193	1
2280	Current lease liabilities			7,959	-	7,005	-
2300	Other current liabilities			3,603		2,073	
21XX	Current Liabilities			1,729,173	22	1,024,503	17
	Non-current liabilities						
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities:	6 (25)		8,279	-	-	-
2580	Non-current lease liabilities			177,216	2	181,157	3
2600	Other non-current liabilities	7 (2)		1,292		1,100	
25XX	Non-current Liabilities			186,787	2	182,257	3
2XXX	Total liabilities			1,915,960	24	1,206,760	20
	Equity attributable to owners of						
	parent						
	Share capital	6 (15)					
3110	Share capital - common stock			826,680	11	813,240	13
	Capital surplus	6 (16)					
3200	Capital surplus			1,213,829	15	1,082,702	18
	Retained earnings	6 (17)					
3310	Legal reserve			610,743	8	517,734	9
3320	Special reserve			5,438	-	4,080	-
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings			3,317,446	42	2,403,928	40
	Other equity interests						
3400	Other equity interests		(13,147)		(5,438)	
3XXX	Total equity			5,960,989	76	4,816,246	80
	Significant contingent liabilities and	9					
	unrecognized contract commitments						
	Significant events after the balance	11					
	sheet date						
3X2X	Total Liabilities and Equity		\$	7,876,949	100	\$ 6,023,006	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements; please review them together.

Chairman: Chien, Chuan-Sheng Manager: Chien, Chuan-Sheng Head of Accounting: Liao, Shu-Nu

Innodisk Corporation Parent Company Only Statement of Comprehensive Income January 1 to December 31, 2021 and 2020

Expressed in Thousands of NTD (Except for earnings per share)

				2021			2020		
	Item	Note		Amount	%		Amount		%
4000	Operating revenue	6 (18) and 7							
		(2)	\$	9,427,772	100	\$	6,626,157		100
5000	Operating costs	6 (4) and 7 (2)	(6,752,343) ((72)	(4,794,650)	(72)
5900	Gross profit before unrealized								
	gross profit on sales to								
	subsidiaries			2,675,429	28		1,831,507	_	28
5910	Unrealized profit from sales		(14,316)	-	(12,625)		-
5920	Realized profit on from sales			12,625			13,602		
5950	Gross profit before unrealized gross								
	profit on sales to subsidiaries			2,673,738	28		1,832,484	_	28
	Operating expenses	6 (23)							
		(24) and 7							
6100	0.41	(2)	,	222 570)	(2)	,	204212	,	5 \
6100	Selling expenses		(323,578) (284,312)		5)
6200	General and administrative expenses		(364,014) (265,509)		4)
6300 6450	Research and development expenses		(171,450) ((142,330)	(2)
6000	Expected loss on credit impairment			493)	9)	-	6,226)	_	11)
	Total operating expenses			859,535) (9) 19		698,377)	_	<u>11</u>)
6900	Operating profit		-	1,814,203	19		1,134,107	_	1 /
7100	Non-operating income and expenses Interest income	6 (19)		1 0 1 1			5 667		
7010	Other income	6 (20) and 7		4,844	-		5,667		-
7010	Other income	(20) and 7		16,647			29,871		1
7020	Other gains and losses	6 (21)	(24,098)	_	(51,452)	(1)
7050	Finance cost	6 (22)	(2,304)	_	(1,715)	(-
7070	Share of profit/(loss) of associates	6 (5)	(2,301)		(1,713)		
7070	and joint ventures accounted for	0 (3)							
	using equity method			110,802	1		27,023		_
7000	Total non-operating income and		-	110,002			27,020	_	
, 000	expenses			105,891	1		9,394		_
7900	Profit before income tax			1,920,094	20		1,143,501		17
7950	Income tax expense	6 (25)	(359,206) ((4)	(211,838)	(3)
8200	Profit for the year	- (-)	\$	1,560,888	16	\$	931,663	_	14
	Other comprehensive income			, , ,				_	
	Components of other comprehensive								
	income that will be reclassified to								
	profit or loss								
8361	Financial statements translation								
	differences of foreign operations		(\$	7,709)	-	(\$	1,358)		-
8360	Components of other		, <u> </u>						<u>.</u>
	comprehensive loss that will be								
	reclassified to profit or loss		(7,709)		(1,358)		
8500	Total comprehensive income for the								
	year		\$	1,553,179	16	\$	930,305		14
	Basic earnings per share								
9750	Profit for the year	6 (26)	•		18.94	\$			11.46
7130	Diluted earnings per share	0 (20)	Ψ		10.74	Ψ			11.70
9850	Profit for the year	6 (26)	\$		18.61	\$			11.21
7030	1 TOTAL TOT THE YEAR	0 (20)	φ		10.01	Ψ			11.41

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements; please review them together.

Chairman: Chien, Chuan-Sheng Manager: Chien, Chuan-Sheng Head of Accounting: Liao, Shu-Nu

Innodisk Corporation Parent Company Only Statement of Changes in Equity January 1 to December 31, 2021 and 2020

Expressed in Thousands of NTD

		Sho	re capital -					Retain	ed earnings		appropriated	it Fi sta tra	nter equity nterests inancial itements inslation erences of		
	Note		mon stock	Car	pital surplus	Leo	al reserve	Spec	ial reserve		ned earnings		n operations		Total equity
	11010		mion stock		pital sarpias		gar reserve	Брее	iai reserve	10101	inca carrings	<u>Ioreig</u>	тореганона		Total equity
<u>2020</u>															
Balance at January 1, 2020		\$	797,294	\$	1,058,681	\$	416,308	\$	-	\$	2,193,268	(\$	4,080)	\$	4,461,471
Profit for the year			_				=				931,663		_		931,663
Other comprehensive profit and loss for the year			-		-		-		-		-	(1,358)	(1,358)
Total comprehensive profit and loss for the year					-						931,663	(1,358)		930,305
Appropriations and of 2019 earnings	6 (17)									'					
Legal reserve			-		-		101,426		-	(101,426)		-		-
Special reserve			-		-		-		4,080	(4,080)		-		-
Stock dividends			15,946		-		-		-	(15,946)		-		-
Cash dividends			-		-		-		-	(597,971)		-	(597,971)
Share-based payment	6 (13)		-		22,864		-		-		-		-		22,864
Changes in net assets of the associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method			-		-		-		-	(1,580)		_	(1,580)
Share-based remuneration for employees of subsidiaries			-		1,157		-		-		_		-		1,157
Balance at December 31, 2020		\$	813,240	\$	1,082,702	\$	517,734	\$	4,080	\$	2,403,928	(\$	5,438)	\$	4,816,246
2021												1			
Balance at January 1, 2021		\$	813,240	\$	1,082,702	\$	517,734	\$	4,080	\$	2,403,928	(\$	5,438)	\$	4,816,246
Profit for the year			_		-		_		_		1,560,888		_		1,560,888
Other comprehensive profit and loss for the year			-		-		-		-		-	(7,709)	(7,709)
Total comprehensive income for the year			_		_		_		_		1,560,888	(7,709)		1,553,179
Appropriations and of 2020 earnings	6 (17)									-					
Legal reserve			-		-		93,009		-	(93,009)		-		-
Special reserve			-		-		-		1,358	(1,358)		-		-
Cash dividends			-		-		-		-	(553,003)		-	(553,003)
Share-based payment	6 (13)		-		19,973		-		-		-		-		19,973
Exercise of employee share options			13,440		111,055		-		-		-		-		124,495
Share-based remuneration for employees of subsidiaries			<u>-</u>		99		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		_		<u>-</u>	_	99
Balance at December 31, 2021		\$	826,680	\$	1,213,829	\$	610,743	\$	5,438	\$	3,317,446	(\$	13,147)	\$	5,960,989

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements; please review them together.

Chairman: Chien, Chuan-Sheng

Manager: Chien, Chuan-Sheng

Head of Accounting: Liao, Shu-Nu

Innodisk Corporation Parent Company Only Statements of Cash Flow January 1 to December 31, 2021 and 2020

Expressed in Thousands of NTD

	N	Note	January 1 to December 31, 2021			anuary 1 to mber 31, 2020
Cash flow from operating activities						
Profit before income tax for the year			\$	1,920,094	\$	1,143,501
Adjustments:			Ψ	1,520,05	Ψ	1,1 .5,5 01
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)						
Depreciation charges on property, plant and	6 (23)					
equipment	. ,			60,532		63,405
Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets	6 (23)			9,315		6,784
Amortization charges on the intangible assets	6 (23)					
and deferred assets.				21,499		18,748
Depreciation charges on investment property	6 (21)			2,028		2,028
Expected loss on credit impairment				493		6,226
Loss on decline in (gain from reversal of)	6 (4)					
market value and obsolete and slow-moving						
inventories				124,783		3,624
Loss on scrapping inventory	6 (4)			3,353		9,193
Share of (profit)/loss of associates accounted for	6 (5)					
using equity method			(110,802)	(27,023)
Gains on revaluation of investments	6 (21)					
accounted for using equity method			(2,780)		=
Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and	6 (21)					
equipment			(388)		3
Gain on disposal of intangible assets	6 (21)			-	(2,842)
Interest expense	6 (22)			2,304		1,715
Interest income	6 (19)		(4,844)	(5,667)
Compensation cost of employee stock	6 (13)			10.052		22.064
options				19,973		22,864
Unrealized profit from sales			(14,316	(12,625
Realized profit on from sales			(12,625)	(13,602)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities						
Changes in operating assets Notes receivable			(1 729)		1 100
				1,728)		1,108
Accounts receivable, net Accounts receivable related parties				596,197) 75,003)		33,223 81,925
Other receivables				251)	(1,266)
Other receivables - related parties			(549	(1,200)
Inventories			(923,334)	(51,686)
Prepayments			(42,899)		5,752)
Changes in operating liabilities			(12,000	(3,732)
Current contract liabilities			(18,821)		20,937
Accounts payable			(386,924		134,126
Accounts payable related parties				13,970		908
Other payables				137,751		10,202
Other payables related parties				3,898	(1,798)
Provisions for liabilities-current			(1,593)		2,423
Other current liabilities			`	1,530	(1,342)
Cash inflow generated from operations				932,047	-	1,464,778
Interest received				4,843		5,667
Income tax paid			(208,728)	(245,093)
Net cash flows from operating activities				728,162		1,225,352

(Continued)

Innodisk Corporation Parent Company Only Statements of Cash Flow January 1 to December 31, 2021 and 2020

Expressed in Thousands of NTD

	Note		January 1 to December 31, 2021		anuary 1 to mber 31, 2020
Cash Flow from Investing Activities					
Increase in financial assets at amortized cost -					
current		(\$	200,000)	(\$	250,000)
Acquisition of investments accounted for using	6 (5)				
equity method		(19,889)	(20,494)
Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted	6 (5)				
for using equity method			-		3,493
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6 (28)	(129,362)	(32,158)
Disposal of property, plant and equipment			450		-
Acquisition of intangible assets		(22,885)	(13,242)
Disposal of intangible assets			-		26,653
Increase in prepayments for equipment		(68,802)	(2,656)
Increase in refundable deposits		(207)	(355)
Decrease in refundable deposits			207		945
Increase in pledged time deposits		(3,000)		-
Increase in the other non-current assets		(13,229)	(16,528)
Net cash used in investing activities		(456,717)	(304,342)
Cash Flow from Financing Activities					
Increase in guarantee deposits received	6 (29)		524		601
Decrease in guarantee deposits received	6 (29)	(332)	(708)
Cash dividends paid	6 (29)	(553,003)	(597,971)
Exercise of employee share options	6 (15)		124,495		-
Interest paid		(2,304)	(1,715)
Payment of lease liabilities	6 (29)	(8,343)	(6,040)
Net cash used in financing activities		(438,963)	(605,833)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(167,518)		315,177
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			1,992,270		1,677,093
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		\$	1,824,752	\$	1,992,270

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements; please review them together.

Chairman: Chien, Chuan-Sheng

Manager: Chien, Chuan-Sheng

Head of Accounting: Liao, Shu-Nu

Innodisk Corporation

Notes to the Parent Company Only Financial Statements

Years Ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

Expressed in Thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

I. <u>Company history</u>

- (I) Innodisk Corporation (hereinafter referred to as the "Company") was established in March 2005. The Company mainly engage in the research, development, manufacturing and sales of various types of industrial embedded storage devices.
- (II) The Taipei Exchange reviewed the Company's application and approved its eligibility to be publicly traded in October, 2013 and the Company became officially on the OTC board on November 27, 2013.

II. The date of authorization for issuance of the financial statements and procedures for authorization

The parent company only financial statements have been approved and authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on February 23, 2022.

III. Application of new standards, amendments, and interpretations

(I) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC").

The following table summarizes the applicable newly released, corrected and amended standards and interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Standards recognized by the Financial Supervisory Commission in 2021:

	Effective date of
New/Amended/Revised Standards and Explanations	issuance by IASB
Amendment to IFRS 4 "Extension of temporary exemption from the	January 1, 2021
application of IFRS 9"	
Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16, "	January 1, 2021
Interest Rate Benchmark Reform— Phase 2"	
Amendment to IFRS 16 "Rent concession related to COVID-19 after June	April 1, 2021 (Note).
30, 2021"	

Note: the FSC allows it to apply in advance on January 1, 2021.

The Company believes that the adoption of aforementioned standards and interpretations will not have a significant impact on the parent company only financial position and performance.

(II) Effect of the new issuances of or amendments to IFRS as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Company.

The following table summarizes the applicable newly released, corrected and amended standards and interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Standards recognized by the Financial Supervisory Commission in 2022:

	Effective date of issuance
New/Amended/Revised Standards and Explanations	by IASB
Amendment to IFRS 3 "Index to conceptual framework"	January 1, 2022
Amendment to IAS 16 "Property, plant and equipment: price before	January 1, 2022
reaching the intended state of use"	
Amendment to IAS 37 "Loss making contracts - Cost of performing	
contracts"	January 1, 2022
Annual improvement of the 2018 ~ 2020 cycle	January 1, 2022

The Company believes that the adoption of aforementioned standards and interpretations will not have a significant impact on the the parent company only financial position and performance.

(III) IFRSs issued by the IASB but not yet recognized by the FSC.

The following table summarizes the applicable newly released, corrected and amended standards and interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the IASB but not yet recognized by the FSC:

	Effective date of issuance
New/Amended/Revised Standards and Explanations	by IASB
Amendment to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or investment of assets between	To be determined by
investors and their affiliates or joint ventures"	IASB.
IFRS 17 "Insurance contracts"	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17 "Insurance contracts"	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17 "Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 -	January 1, 2023
comparative information"	
Amendment to IAS 1 "Classification of liabilities as current or non	January 1, 2023
current"	
Amendment to IAS 1 "Disclosure of accounting policies"	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IAS 8 "Definitions of accounting estimates"	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IAS 12 "Deferred income tax related to assets and liabilities	January 1, 2023
arising from a single transaction"	

The Company believes that the adoption of aforementioned standards and interpretations will not have a significant impact on the the parent company only financial position and performance.

IV. Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting polices applied in the preparation of these the parent company only financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(I) Compliance statement

These parent company only financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the "Rules Governing the Preparation of Financial Statements by Securities Issuers."

(II) Basis of preparation

- 1. The parent company only financial report has been prepared under the historical cost convention.
- 2. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(III) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the parent company only financial report of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates (hereinafter referred to as "functional currency"). The parent company only financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollars, which is the Company's functional currency and reporting currency.

1. Foreign currency transactions and balances

- (1) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using spot exchange rate at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- (2) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are re-translated using spot exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising from re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognized in profit or loss.
- (3) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated using spot exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Their translation differences are recognized in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and

liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated using spot exchange at the balance sheet date. Their translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income. For those which are not measured at fair value, they measured by the historical exchange rate of the initial transaction date.

(4) All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the parent company only financial statements of comprehensive income under "Other gains and losses."

2. Translation of foreign operations

The operating results and financial position of all the company entities that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (1) Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet.
- (2) Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period.
- (3) All resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

(IV)Classification of current and non-current items

- 1. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets:
 - (1) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realized, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle.
 - (2) Assets held mainly for trading purposes.
 - (3) Assets that are expected to be realized within twelve months from the balance sheet date.
 - (4) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to pay off liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.

Assets that do not meet the above criteria are considered non-current.

- 2. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities:
 - (1) Liabilities that are expected to be paid off within the normal operating cycle.
 - (2) Assets held mainly for trading purposes.
 - (3) Liabilities that are to be paid off within twelve months from the balance sheet date.
 - (4) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option

of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

Liabilities that do not meet the above criteria are considered non-current.

(V) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

(VI) Financial assets measured at amortized cost

- 1. Refer to those that meet the following criteria at the same time:
 - (1) The objective of the business model is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows.
 - (2) The assets' contractual cash flows solely represent payments of principal and interest.
- 2. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets measured at amortized cost are recognized and de-recognized using trade date accounting.
- 3. The Company measures financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs in the initial recognition. The financial assets are subsequently amortized by the effective interest rate during the circulation to recognize interest income and impairment loss. The profits or losses are recognized in the profit and loss when the assets are derecognized.
- 4. The Company holds time deposits that are not considered cash equivalents. Due to the short holding period, the impact of discounting is insignificant and is measured by the amount of investment.

(VII) Accounts and notes receivable

- 1. Refers to accounts and notes that have been unconditionally charged for the right to exchange the value of the consideration due to the transfer of goods or services.
- 2. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(VIII) Impairment of financial assets

Regarding the financial assets measured at amortized cost, the Company considers all reasonable and supportable information (including forward-looking ones) and measure the loss allowance based on the 12-month expected credit losses for those that do not have their credit risk increased significantly since initial recognition. For those that have increased significantly since initial recognition, the loss allowance is measured based on the full lifetime expected

credit losses. A loss allowance for full lifetime expected credit losses is also required for trade receivables that do not constitute a financing transaction.

(IX) De-recognition of financial assets

A financial asset is de-recognized when the Company's rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired.

(X)Leasing arrangements (lessor) -- operating leases

Lease income from operating leases, less any incentives given to the lessee, is amortized in current profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(XI)Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost or net realizable value, and the cost is determined by weighted-average method. The cost of finished goods and work-in-progress comprises raw materials, direct labor, other direct costs and related production overheads, but excludes borrowing costs. At the end of year, inventories are evaluated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable costs of completion and selling expenses.

(XII) Investments accounted for under equity method -- subsidiaries and associates

- 1. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Company. The Company controls an entity when the Company is exposed or has rights to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity.
- 2. Unrealized gains or losses on transactions between Company and its subsidiaries are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Company.
- 3. The Company recognized the profit and loss upon the acquisition of subsidiaries as the current profit and loss. Other comprehensive profit and loss after the acquisition are recognized as the other comprehensive profit and loss. If the Company's recognized profit and loss of the subsidiaries equal to or exceed the equity in the subsidiaries, the Company will continue to recognize the loss in proportion to its shareholding.
- 4. Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are equity transactions and they are considered as transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is directly recognized in

equity.

- 5. Associates refer to entities over which the Company has significant influence but is not in control. In general, the associates may have more than 20% of their voting shares directly or indirectly owned by the Company. The Company accounts for its investment in associates using the equity method, and the investment is initially recognized at cost.
- 6. The Company recognizes the profit and loss upon the acquisition of associates as the current profit and loss. Other comprehensive profit and loss after the acquisition are recognized as the other comprehensive profit and loss. When the Company's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Company will not recognize further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or make payments on behalf of the associate.
- 7. If an associate has changes in equity not from profit or loss or other comprehensive income, and such changes do not affect the Company's shareholding in the associate, the Company will recognize all changes in equity as "capital surplus" according to the shareholding percentage.
- 8. Unrealized gains on transactions between the Company and associates are eliminated to the extent of the Company's interest in the associates. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Company.
- 9. In the event that an associate issues new shares and the Company does not subscribe to or acquire the new shares in proportion, which results in a change to the Company's shareholding percentage but the Company maintains a significant influence on the associate, the increase or decrease of the Company's share of equity interest is the adjustment of "capital surplus" and "investments accounted for under the equity method." If the investment percentage is reduced, in addition to the above adjustments, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionally on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.
- 10. When the Company disposes of an associate, if it loses the significant influence on the associate accordingly, the capital surplus related to the associate will be reclassified to profit or loss; if it still has a significant influence on the associate, the capital surplus will be reclassified to profit or loss according to the percentage of the disposal.
- 11. Pursuant to the Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, the profit or loss during the period and other comprehensive income presented in parent company only financial reports shall be the same as the allocations of profit or

loss during the period and of other comprehensive income attributable to owners of the parent presented in the financial reports prepared on a consolidated basis and the owners' equity presented in the parent company only financial reports shall be the same as the equity attributable to owners of the parent presented in the financial reports prepared on a consolidated basis.

(XIII)Property, plant and equipment

- 1. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalized.
- 2. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the costs of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- 3. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
- 4. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any changes are accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors," from the date of the change.

The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings and construction2 to 50 yearsMachines and equipment2 to 8 yearsOffice equipment2 to 6 yearsOthers2 to 6 years

(XIV)Leasing agreements (lessee) - right-of-use assets/lease liabilities

- 1. Leases are recognized as right-of-use assets and lease liabilities at the date at which the leased assets are available for use by the Company. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
- 2. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate. Lease

payments include fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivables.

The Company subsequently measures the lease liability at amortized cost using the interest method and recognizes interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is re-measured and the amount of re-measurement is recognized as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.

3. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is recognized at cost comprising the amount of initial measurement of lease liability.

The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's service life or the end of lease term. When the lease liability is re-measured, the amount of re-measurement is recognized as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

4. For lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the lessee shall decrease the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset and remeasure the lease liability to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease and, recognizes the difference in profit or loss.

(XV)<u>Investment property</u>

Investment properties are initially measured at cost and may be subsequently measured using a cost model. Except for land, the service life is recognized on a straight-line basis of depreciation and is about 24 to 32 years.

(XVI) Intangible assets

Computer and software recognized by the acquisition cost, and is amortized on a straight-line basis with an estimated service life of 1 to 8 years.

(XVII) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less disposal cost or value in use. When the circumstances or reasons for recognizing impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exists or diminishes, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortized historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognized.

(XVIII)Borrowings

Refers to long- and short-term funds borrowed from banks. Borrowings are recognized

initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortized cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

(XIX) Accounts and notes payable

- 1. Refers to debts incurred as a result of the purchase of raw materials, goods or services and the notes payable due to business and non-business purposes.
- 2. The short-term accounts and notes payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(XX)<u>De-recognition of financial liabilities</u>

The Company de-recognizes financial liabilities when the obligations specified in the contract are fulfilled, cancelled or expired.

(XXI) Financial assets and liabilities are offset against each other

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and presented in the balance sheet on a net basis when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the amount of the recognized financial assets and liabilities and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

(XXII)Provisions

Liability reserve (which is for warranty) is a present statutory or deferred obligation as a result of a past event. It is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The amount recognized as a provision should be the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date.

(XXIII) Employee benefits

1. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognized as expenses in that period when the employees render service.

2. Pension

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognized as pension expenses when they are due on an accrual basis. Pre-paid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

3. Employees' bonuses and directors' and supervisors' remuneration

Employees' bonuses and directors' and supervisors' remuneration are recognized as expense and liability, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any differences between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts are accounted for as changes in estimates. If employee compensation is distributed by shares, the Company calculates the number of shares based on the closing price at the previous day of the board meeting resolution.

(XXIV) Employee share-based payment

The share-based payment agreement for delivery of equity is a transaction in which employees' labor service is received as consideration for the Company's equity instrument at fair value. It is recognized as compensation costs during the vesting period and the equity is adjusted accordingly. The equity instrument's fair value shall reflect the effects of vesting and non-vesting conditions of market value. The recognized remuneration costs are adjusted in accordance with the expected service conditions to be met and the non-vesting market value conditions, until the final recognized amount is recognized with the vesting amount on the vesting date.

(XXV)<u>Income tax</u>

- 1. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or items recognized directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity.
- 2. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- 3. Deferred income tax is recognized, using the balance sheet method, on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the balance sheet. Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal

of the temporary difference is controlled by the Company and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

- 4. Deferred income tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized. At each balance sheet date, unrecognized and recognized deferred income tax assets are reassessed.
- 5. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities. They are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entities or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(XXVI)Share capital

Common stocks are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(XXVII)Dividend distribution

Dividends are recorded in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are resolved by the Company's shareholders. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities. Stock dividends are recorded as dividends to be distributed and transferred to be common stocks on the base date of issuance of new shares.

(XXVIII) Revenue recognition

1. Our Company develops, manufactures and sells various products related to industrial storage devices and memory modules. Sales revenue is recognized when the control of products is transferred to customers. That is, once products are delivered to customers, the customers have discretion on the channel and price of product sales, and the Company has no outstanding performance obligations that may affect customers' acceptance of the products. The delivery of products occurs when products are shipped to a designated location and the risk of obsolescence and loss has been transferred to customers, and the customers accept the products in accordance with the sales contract

or have objective evidence that all criteria have been met.

- 2. The payment terms of sales transactions are usually payment in advance or net 30 to 90. With respect to the contracts signed between the Company and customers, the time interval between the transfer products or services promised to customers and the customers' payment has not exceeded one year, so the Company has not adjusted the transaction price to reflect the time value of money.
- 3. Sales revenue is recognized as the net from subtracting sales discounts from the contract price. The Company estimates possible sales discounts based on past experience and different contract conditions and recognizes the refund liabilities accordingly.
- 4. The Company provides warranty for products sold, and has the obligation to repair product defects, which are recognized as liability provisions when goods are sold.
- 5. Accounts receivable are recognized when goods are delivered to customers. The Company has unconditional rights to the contract price, and will be able to collect the amount from the customers after the time has passed.

(XXIX)Government grants

Government grants are recognized at fair value when there is reasonable assurance that the enterprise will comply with the conditions attached to the government grant and that the grant will be received. If the nature of government grants is to compensate the Company for expenses incurred, the government grants are recognized in profit or loss on a systematic basis in the period in which the related expenses are incurred.

(XXX)Business combinations

- 1. The Company adopts the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for a combination is measured as the fair value of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred or assumed, and the equity instruments issued at the acquisition. The consideration for the transfer includes the fair value of any assets and liabilities arising from contingent consideration agreements. All acquisition-related costs related are expensed as incurred. The identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured at fair value at the acquisition date. For each business combination, the Company measures at the acquisition date components of non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to the proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation at either fair value or the present ownership instruments' proportionate share in the recognized amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other non-controlling interests should be measured at the acquisition-date fair value.
- 2. The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest

in the acquiree and the fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed is recorded as goodwill at the acquisition date. If the total of consideration transferred, noncontrolling interest in the acquiree recognised and the fair value of previously held equity interest in the acquiree is less than the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss on the acquisition date.

V. Critical accounting judgments and key sources of estimation and uncertainty

The preparation of these parent company only financial statements requires the management to make critical judgments in applying the Company's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Please refer to the following explanation of critical accounting judgments and key sources of estimation and uncertainty:

(I) Important judgments adopted by the accounting policies

The accounting policies adopted by the Company have been assessed and have shown no significant uncertainties.

(II) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

Inventory Evaluation

During the inventory valuation, the Company needs to use judgment to evaluate the wear and tear, obsolescence and market sales value of the inventory to estimate the net realizable value, and write down the inventory cost to the net realizable value. Technological changes, environmental changes and sales conditions will change the inventory value, further affecting its valuation.

As of December 31, 2021, the book value of the Company's inventory was NT\$1,532,434.

VI. Statements of main accounting items

(I) Cash and cash equivalents

	Dece	mber 31, 2021	December 31, 2020		
Cash:					
Cash on hand and revolving funds	\$	562	\$	569	
Checking deposits and demand deposits Cash equivalents:		1,688,690		1,368,201	
Time deposits		135,500		623,500	
	\$	1,824,752	\$	1,992,270	

- 1. The Company transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.
- 2. For the status on the Company providing pledged collaterals with cash and cash equivalents which have been reclassified to other non-current assets, please refer to the details in Note 6 (10) and 8.

(II) Financial assets measured at amortized cost

	Decer	mber 31, 2021	December 31, 2020		
Current items:		_		_	
Time deposits due in more than three months	\$	600,000	\$	400,000	
Non-current items:	<u>-</u>		· <u> </u>		
Pledged time deposits	\$	10,706	\$	7,706	

1. Financial assets at amortized cost is recognized in the profit and loss shown as follows:

	2021	2020
Interest income	\$ 2,472	\$ 2,004

2. Please refer to Note 8 for the Company's provision of financial assets at amortized cost as pledged collateral.

(III) Accounts receivable

	Dece	mber 31, 2021	December 31, 2020		
Notes receivable	\$	1,986	\$	258	
Less: Loss allowance		-		-	
	\$	1,986	\$	258	
Accounts receivable	\$	1,179,236	\$	583,039	
Accounts receivable - related parties		357,219		282,216	
		1,536,455		865,255	
Less: Loss allowance	(1,192)	(699)	
	\$	1,535,263	\$	864,556	

1. For the aging analysis and the related credit risk information on notes and accounts receivable, please refer to Note 12 (2).

- 2. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, notes receivable and accounts receivable were from contracts with customers. The balances of notes and accounts receivable as of January 1, 2020 were NT\$987,751.
- 3. The Company does not hold any collateral for the aforementioned notes and accounts receivable.

(IV) Inventories

	December 31, 2021						
	_		Loss	allowance			
		Cost	for fa	alling prices		Book value	
Raw materials	\$	1,253,468	(\$	171,133)	\$	1,082,335	
Work in process		193,162	(10,482)		182,680	
Finished products		279,849	(12,527)		267,322	
Products		189	(92)		97	
	\$	1,726,668	(\$	194,234)	\$	1,532,434	
			Dece	ember 31, 202	0		
			Loss	allowance			
		Cost	for fa	alling prices		Book value	
Raw materials	\$	499,074	(\$	57,381)	\$	441,693	
Work in process		140,574	(6,530)		134,044	
Finished products		166,788	(5,510)		161,278	
Products		251	(30)		221	

- 1. None of the above inventories are provided with pledged collaterals.
- 2. The cost of inventories recognized as losses by the Company.

	2021	2020
Cost of inventory sold	\$ 6,598,428	\$ 4,756,713
Loss on decline in (gain from reversal of) market value		
and obsolete and slow-moving inventories	124,783	3,624
Loss on scrapping of inventory	3,353	9,193
Others	25,779	25,120
	\$ 6,752,343	\$ 4,794,650

806,687 (\$

69,451)

737,236

(V) Investments accounted for using equity method

	December 31, 2021			December :	31, 2020
		Amount	Shareholding		Shareholding
Subsidiaries:			percentage	Amount	percentage
Innodisk USA Corporation	\$	91,662	100% \$	\$ 56,572	100%
Innodisk Japan Corporation		8,513	100%	7,901	100%
Innodisk Europe B.V.		93,118	100%	34,408	100%
Innodisk Global-M Corporation		73,883	100%	61,911	100%
Antzer Tech Co., Ltd.		28,545	100%	-	-
Aetina Corporation		215,017	74.78%	151,391	75.63%
		450,738	-	312,183	
Affiliates:					
AccelStor Inc.		-	40.37%	-	40.37%
Millitronic Co., Ltd.		10,501	33.55%	18,232	33.55%
Antzer Tech Co., Ltd.		-	-	4,751	31.89%
Sysinno Technology Inc.		8,237	43.00%	10,140	43.00%
		18,738	_	33,123	
	\$	469,476		\$ 345,306	

Note 1: For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company's share of (losses) profits from affiliates recognized under the equity method was NT\$110,802 and NT\$27,023, respectively, based on the financial statements audited by the Company's independent accountants.

Note 2: For the Company's investment information and investment profit or loss with the adoption of the equity method, please refer to Schedule 5 and Statement 5.

1. Subsidiaries

(1) For information on the Company's subsidiaries, please refer to Note 4 (3) of 2021 consolidated financial statements.

(2) Aetina Corporation

Aetina Corporation was approved by the shareholder meeting on May 4, 2021 to issue 200,000 shares as a capital increase for employees' remuneration and August 16, 2021 was the capital increase base date, with the Company's shareholding dropping to 74.78%.

Aetina Corporation was approved by the shareholder meeting on May 28, 2020 to issue 200,000 shares as a capital increase for employees' remuneration and August 31, 2020 was the capital increase base date, with the Company's shareholding dropping to 77.54%. On September 25, 2020, the Company disposed of 270,000 shares of Aetina Corporation for a total disposal price less cost of NT\$3,493, reducing the Company's shareholding to 75.63%.

(3) Antzer Tech Co., Ltd.

The Company acquired Antzer Tech Co., Ltd. on May 18, 2021 in the amount of NT\$19,889, raising the shareholding from the original 31.89% to 100%; thus, it has been

included in the consolidated entities since the date of acquisition.

(4) Innodisk Global-M Corporation

On June 23, 2020, the Company increased its investment in Innodisk Global-M Corporation, amounting to NT\$1,494, and the change registration was completed on June 23, 2020.

2. Affiliates:

(1) AccelStor Inc.

As of December 31, 2021, the Company adopted the equity method to recognize the losses of AccelStor Inc. to reduce the balance of book value to NT\$0.

(2) Millitronic Co., Ltd.

The Company subscribed to Millitronic Co., Ltd.'s cash capital increase of NT\$19,000 in the 3rd quarter of 2020, but not in proportion to shareholding percentage, resulting in a change in the shareholding percentage from 31.96% to 33.55%, and the change in equity interest decreased the "retained earnings" and "investments accounted for using the equity method" by NT\$1,580.

(3) As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company had no significant affiliates, and the aggregate book values of separate non-significant affiliates were NT\$18,738 and NT\$33,123, respectively. Their operating results are summarized as follows:

		2021	2020
Net loss from continuing operations	(\$	7,854) (\$	13,253)
Other comprehensive income or loss (net after		-	-
tax)			
Total comprehensive profit and loss for the year	(<u>\$</u>	<u>7,854</u>) (<u>\$</u>	13,253)

(4) None of the affiliates have open market quotes, so there is no information on fair value.

(VI)Property, plant and equipment

		Land		uildings and astruction		Machines and equipment	_ec	Office quipment	equ p	finished struction and uipment ending ceptance		Others	_	Total
January 1, 2021 Cost Accumulated	\$	480,076	\$	706,574	\$	227,410	\$	29,813	\$	-	\$	56,879	\$	1,500,752
depreciation and		-								-				
impairments			(78,617)	(132,774)	(16,115)			(39,114)	(266,620)
	\$	480,076	\$	627,957	\$	94,636	\$	13,698	\$		\$	17,765	\$	1,234,132
<u>2021</u>														
January 1	\$	480,076	\$	627,957	\$	94,636	\$	13,698	\$	-	\$	17,765	\$	1,234,132
Addition		-		34,117		37,615		1,515		55,500		16,963		145,710
Reclassification		-		3,680		1,425		-		-		480		5,585
Disposal		-		-		-	(8)		-	(54)	(62)
Depreciation		_								_				
expense	_		(20,153)	(27,736)	(5,367)			(7,276)	(60,532)
December 31	\$	480,076	\$	645,601	\$	105,940	\$	9,838	\$	55,500	\$	27,878	\$	1,324,833
<u>December 31, 2021</u>	_													
Cost	\$	480,076	\$	740,469	\$	259,792	\$	31,174	\$	55,500	\$	73,064	\$	1,640,075
Accumulated				`										
depreciation and		-	,)	,	152 052)	,	21.22()		-	,	45 100	,	215 242)
impairments	\$	480,076	· <u> </u>	94,868	<u> </u>	153,852)	\$	21,336)	\$	55,500	(45,186)	\$	315,242)
	Ф	460,076	Ф	645,601	Ф	105,940	Ф	9,838	Φ	33,300	Ф	27,878	Φ	1,324,833
										finished struction				
			B	uildings		Machines				and				
			В	uildings		Machines		Office	eq	and uipment				
		Land		and		and	ed	Office	eqi p	and uipment ending		Others		Total
January 1, 2020		Land		_			ec	Office quipment	eqi p	and uipment		Others		Total
January 1, 2020 Cost	<u> </u>		con	and nstruction		and equipment		quipment	equ po acc	and uipment ending	 \$		<u> </u>	
Cost	\$	Land 480,076		and		and	<u>ec</u> \$		eqi p	and uipment ending	- \$	Others 49,988	\$	Total 1,444,086
Cost Accumulated	\$		con	and nstruction		and equipment		quipment	equ po acc	and uipment ending	\$		\$	
Cost	\$		con	and nstruction		and equipment		quipment	equ po acc	and uipment ending ceptance	\$		-	
Cost Accumulated depreciation and	\$		con	and nstruction 669,720		and equipment 216,099		28,203	equ po acc	and uipment ending ceptance	\$ (49,988	\$ (1,444,086
Cost Accumulated depreciation and		480,076	\$	and anstruction 669,720	\$	and equipment 216,099 101,707)	\$	28,203 11,160)	equ p ^o acc	and uipment ending ceptance	(49,988 32,723)	(1,444,086 190,111)
Cost Accumulated depreciation and impairments		480,076	\$	and anstruction 669,720	\$	and equipment 216,099 101,707)	\$	28,203 11,160)	equ p ^o acc	and uipment ending ceptance	(49,988 32,723)	(1,444,086 190,111)
Cost Accumulated depreciation and impairments	\$	480,076	\$ (and nstruction 669,720) 44,521 625,199	\$ (and equipment 216,099 101,707) 114,392	\$ (28,203 11,160) 17,043	equipo po acco	and uipment ending ceptance	(49,988 32,723) 17,265	(1,444,086 190,111) 1,253,975
Cost Accumulated depreciation and impairments 2020 January 1	\$	480,076	\$ (and astruction 669,720) 44,521 625,199	\$ (and equipment 216,099 101,707) 114,392 114,392	\$ (28,203 11,160) 17,043	equipo po acco	and uipment ending ceptance	(49,988 32,723) 17,265	(1,444,086 190,111) 1,253,975 1,253,975
Cost Accumulated depreciation and impairments 2020 January 1 Addition	\$	480,076	\$ (and nstruction 669,720) 44,521 625,199 625,199 1,000	\$ (and 216,099 101,707) 114,392 114,392 10,930	\$ (28,203 11,160) 17,043	equipo po acco	and uipment ending ceptance	(49,988 32,723) 17,265	(1,444,086 190,111) 1,253,975 1,253,975 20,653
Cost Accumulated depreciation and impairments 2020 January 1 Addition Reclassification Disposal Depreciation	\$	480,076	\$ (and nstruction 669,720) 44,521 625,199 1,000 22,531	\$ (and equipment 216,099 101,707) 114,392 114,392 10,930 381	\$ (\$	28,203 11,160) 17,043 17,043 1,755	equipo po acco	and uipment ending ceptance	(49,988 32,723) 17,265	(<u>\$</u>	1,444,086 190,111) 1,253,975 1,253,975 20,653 22,912
Cost Accumulated depreciation and impairments 2020 January 1 Addition Reclassification Disposal Depreciation expense	\$	480,076 480,076 480,076 -	\$ (and nstruction 669,720) 44,521 625,199 1,000 22,531 - 20,773)	\$ (and equipment 216,099 101,707) 114,392 10,930 381 - 31,067)	\$ (\$	28,203 11,160) 17,043 17,043 1,755 - 3) 5,097)	equipo po acco	and uipment ending ceptance	(49,988 32,723) 17,265	(<u>\$</u>	1,444,086 190,111) 1,253,975 1,253,975 20,653 22, 912 3) 63,405)
Cost Accumulated depreciation and impairments 2020 January 1 Addition Reclassification Disposal Depreciation	\$	480,076	\$ (and nstruction 669,720) 44,521 625,199 1,000 22,531	\$ (and equipment 216,099 101,707) 114,392 114,392 10,930 381	\$ (\$	28,203 11,160) 17,043 17,043 1,755 - 3)	equipo po acco	and uipment ending ceptance	(49,988 32,723) 17,265 6,968	(<u>\$</u>	1,444,086 190,111) 1,253,975 1,253,975 20,653 22, 912 3)
Cost Accumulated depreciation and impairments 2020 January 1 Addition Reclassification Disposal Depreciation expense	\$	480,076 480,076 480,076 - - - 480,076	\$ (and nstruction 669,720) 44,521 625,199 1,000 22,531 - 20,773) 627,957	\$ (and equipment 216,099 101,707) 114,392 114,392 10,930 381 - 31,067) 94,636	\$ (<u>\$</u> \$ (28,203 11,160) 17,043 17,043 1,755 - 3) 5,097) 13,698	eqq p acc \$	and uipment ending ceptance	\$ \$	49,988 32,723) 17,265 17,265 6,968 - - 6,468) 17,765	(<u>\$</u> \$ (1,444,086 190,111) 1,253,975 1,253,975 20,653 22, 912 3) 63,405) 1,234,132
Cost Accumulated depreciation and impairments 2020 January 1 Addition Reclassification Disposal Depreciation expense December 31 December 31, 2020 Cost	\$	480,076 480,076 480,076 -	\$ (and nstruction 669,720) 44,521 625,199 1,000 22,531 - 20,773)	\$ (and equipment 216,099 101,707) 114,392 10,930 381 - 31,067)	\$ (<u>\$</u> \$ (28,203 11,160) 17,043 17,043 1,755 - 3) 5,097)	eqq p acc \$	and uipment ending ceptance	\$ \$	49,988 32,723) 17,265 6,968 - 6,468)	(<u>\$</u> \$ (1,444,086 190,111) 1,253,975 1,253,975 20,653 22, 912 3) 63,405)
Cost Accumulated depreciation and impairments 2020 January 1 Addition Reclassification Disposal Depreciation expense December 31 December 31, 2020 Cost Accumulated	\$ \$	480,076 480,076 480,076 - - - 480,076	\$ (<u>\$</u> \$	and nstruction 669,720) 44,521 625,199 1,000 22,531 - 20,773) 627,957	\$ (<u>\$</u>	and equipment 216,099 101,707) 114,392 114,392 10,930 381 - 31,067) 94,636	\$ (28,203 11,160) 17,043 17,043 1,755 - 3) 5,097) 13,698	eqi pi acc \$	and uipment ending ceptance	\$ \$ (49,988 32,723) 17,265 17,265 6,968 - - 6,468) 17,765	(1,444,086 190,111) 1,253,975 1,253,975 20,653 22, 912 3) 63,405) 1,234,132
Cost Accumulated depreciation and impairments 2020 January 1 Addition Reclassification Disposal Depreciation expense December 31 December 31 December 31, 2020 Cost Accumulated depreciation and	\$ \$	480,076 480,076 480,076 - - - 480,076	\$ (<u>\$</u> \$	and nstruction 669,720) 44,521 625,199 1,000 22,531 20,773) 627,957 706,574	\$ (<u>\$</u>	and equipment 216,099 101,707) 114,392 10,930 381 - 31,067) 94,636 227,410	\$ (11,160) 17,043 17,043 1,755 - 3) 5,097) 13,698 29,813	eqi pi acc \$	and uipment ending ceptance	\$ \$ (49,988 32,723) 17,265 6,968 - 6,468) 17,765 56,879	(1,444,086 190,111) 1,253,975 1,253,975 20,653 22, 912 3) 63,405) 1,234,132 1,500,752
Cost Accumulated depreciation and impairments 2020 January 1 Addition Reclassification Disposal Depreciation expense December 31 December 31, 2020 Cost Accumulated	\$ \$	480,076 480,076 480,076 - - - 480,076	\$ (<u>\$</u> \$	and nstruction 669,720) 44,521 625,199 1,000 22,531 - 20,773) 627,957 706,574	\$ (<u>\$</u>	and equipment 216,099 101,707) 114,392 114,392 10,930 381 - 31,067) 94,636	\$ (28,203 11,160) 17,043 17,043 1,755 - 3) 5,097) 13,698	eqi pi acc \$	and uipment ending ceptance	\$ \$ (49,988 32,723) 17,265 17,265 6,968 - - 6,468) 17,765	(1,444,086 190,111) 1,253,975 1,253,975 20,653 22, 912 3) 63,405) 1,234,132

- 1. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company had not provided property, plant and equipment as pledged collaterals.
- 2. The Company had no capitalization of interest for property, plant and equipment in 2021 and 2020
- 3. The abovementioned property, plant and equipment are all held and used by the Company.

(VII) Leasing arrangements - lessee

- 1. The underlying assets leased by the Company include land, buildings and company vehicles. Leasing contracts for buildings and company vehicles are typically made for periods of 1 to 4 years. The land for the plant site is leased from Hsinchu Science Park, and the lease period is 50 years. Lease contracts are negotiated separately and include a variety of terms and conditions. There are no restrictions for the leased assets, except that they cannot be used as loan collateral.
- 2. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

		Land	Buildings		Company vehicles		Total	
January 1, 2021	\$	185,386	\$	1,162	\$	300	\$	186,848
Addition		-		5,576		1,161		6,737
Contract revision		-	(1,068)		-	(1,068)
Early termination of leases		-	(313)		-	(313)
Depreciation expense	(6,536)	(2,219)	(560)	(9,315)
December 31, 2021	\$	178,850	\$	3,138	\$	901	\$	182,889

			Company						
	Land		Buildings			vehicles		Total	
January 1, 2020	\$	102,914	\$	3,100	\$	878	\$	106,892	
Addition		86,431		359		-		86,790	
Early termination of leases		-	(50)		-	(50)	
Depreciation expense	(3,959)	(2,247)	(578)	(6,784)	
December 31, 2020	\$	185,386	\$	1,162	\$	300	\$	186,848	

3. The information on profit and loss items related to lease contracts is as follows:

Items affecting current		2021	2020		
profit and loss	_				
Interest expenses on					_
lease liabilities	•	\$	2,243	\$	1,695

- 4. In addition to the cash outflow for lease-related expenses mentioned in Note 6(7)3. above, the Company had cash outflows of NT\$8,343 and NT\$6,040 for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, due to principal repayment of lease liabilities.
- 5. Options to extend or terminate leases

In determining lease terms, the Company into consideration all facts and circumstances that

create economic incentives to exercise an option to extend or terminate leases. The assessment of lease period is reviewed if a significant event occurs which affects the assessment of options to extend or options not to terminate.

(VIII) <u>Leasing arrangements - lessor</u>

- 1. The Company leases out assets such as land and buildings. The lease contracts are typically made for periods of 1 to 5 years. The terms of lease contracts are negotiated separately. In order to preserve the condition of leased assets, the Company usually requires lessees not to sublet, sublease or pledge all or part of the underlying leased assets.
- 2. The gain recognized by the Company based on the operating lease contracts are as follows:

	2	2021	2020
Rental income (including rental income from		_	
investment property)	\$	7,812	\$ 8,787

3. The maturity analysis of the lease payments under the operating leases is as follows:

	Decembe	December 31, 2020		
2021	\$	_	\$	7,464
2022		8,087		3,591
2023		1,625		898
	\$	9,712	\$	4,489

(IX) Investment property

	Land		Buildings and construction		Total	
<u>January 1, 2021</u>		_				
Cost	\$	99,301	\$	53,888	\$	153,189
Accumulated depreciation and)
impairments		-	(14,723)	(14,723
	\$	99,301	\$	39,165	\$	138,466
<u>2021</u>					·	
January 1	\$	99,301	\$	39,165	\$	138,466
Depreciation expense		-	(2,028)	(2,028)
December 31	\$	99,301	\$	37,137	\$	136,438
December 31, 2021					·	
Cost	\$	99,301	\$	53,888	\$	153,189
Accumulated depreciation and)
impairments		-	(16,751)	(16,751
	\$	99,301	\$	37,137	\$	136,438

	Land		ldings and struction		Total
January 1, 2020 Cost Accumulated depreciation and	\$ 99,301	\$	53,888	\$	153,189
impairments	-	(12,695)	(12,695
•	\$ 99,301	\$	41,193	\$	140,494
<u>2020</u>					
January 1	\$ 99,301	\$	41,193	\$	140,494
Depreciation expense	 <u>-</u>	(2,028)	(2,028)
December 31	\$ 99,301	\$	39,165	\$	138,466
December 31, 2020					
Cost	\$ 99,301	\$	53,888	\$	153,189
Accumulated depreciation and)
impairments	-	(14,723)	(14,723
	\$ 99,301	\$	39,165	\$	138,466

1. Rental income and direct operating expenses of investment real estate:

	2021		2020	
Rental income from investment property	\$	7,466	\$	7,976
Direct operating expenses incurred by investment property that generates rental income for the period	\$	3,512	\$	4,083

- 2. The fair value of the investment property held by the Company as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 were NT\$201,413 and NT\$178,834, respectively. The abovementioned fair value is obtained from the market price assessment of similar properties in the vicinity of the relevant assets, and the fair value is for Level 3 assets.
- 3. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company had not provided investment property as pledged collaterals.
- 4. The Company had no capitalization of interest for investment property in 2021 and 2020.

(X)Other non-current assets

	Decem	iber 31, 2021	Decem	ber 31, 2020
Equipment and plant prepayment	\$	68,802	\$	5,845
Refundable deposit		780		780
Others		13,959		9,488
	\$	83,541	\$	16,113

(XI)Other payables

	December 31, 2021		December 31, 2020	
Payroll and bonus payable	\$	227,143	\$	151,330
Employees' remuneration and directors' and				
supervisors' remuneration payable		123,400		78,270
Accrued expenses		51,067		33,837
Payable on equipment		16,348		-
Others		11,759		12,181
	\$	429,717	\$	275,618

(XII)Pensions

The Company has established a defined contribution pension plan under the Labor Pension Act covering all regular employees with domestic citizenship. Under the New Plan, the Company contributes monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment. The pension costs under the defined contribution pension plans of the Company for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 were NT\$20,606 and NT\$18,577, respectively.

(XIII) Share-based payment

1. For 2021 and 2020, the Company's share-based payment agreements were as follows:

			Contract	Vesting	Delivery	
Type of arrangement	Grant date	Quantity granted	period	conditions	method	
Employee stock options		3,000 thousand			Equity	
(Note 2)	2019.1.29	shares	4 years	Note 1	deliverv	

Note 1: Employees with 2 years of service tenure are entitled to 50%. Those with 3 years of service tenure are entitled to 100%.

Note 2: The board resolution on November 8, 2018 determined the first employee stock option plan of 2018 and established the stock option method. A total of 3,000,000 units of employee stock options was to be issued, and each unit of stock option subscribed to 1 share, and measures became effective on December 11, 2018. The Company has processed the issuance of employee stock options on January 29, 2019.

2. The detailed information of the above share-based payment is as follows:

	2021		2020		
		Weighted		_	
	Number of	average	Number of	Weighted	
	stock options	exercise	stock options	average	
	(thousand	price	(thousand	exercise	
	shares)	(NT\$)	shares)	<pre>price (NT\$)</pre>	
Options outstanding as of January 1	3,000	92.80	3,000	92.80	
Stock options granted in this period	-	-	-	-	
Free allotment of additional					
shares or adjustment of the number of subscribed shares	-	-	-	-	
Stock options foregone in this period (28)	92.80	-	-	
Stock options exercised in this period (1,344)	92.63	-	-	
Stock options expired in this period		-		-	
Stock options outstanding as of December 31	1,628	89.80	3,000	92.80	
Stock options exercisable as of December 31	156				

3. The expiration date and exercise price of stock options outstanding at the balance sheet date are as follows:

		December 31, 2021		
		Number of shares	Exercise	
Approved issue date	Expiration date	(thousand)	price (NT\$)	
January 29, 2019	January 29, 2023	1,628	89.80	
		December 31, 2020		
		Number of shares	Exercise	
Approved issue date	Expiration date	(thousand)	price (NT\$)	
January 29, 2019	January 29, 2023	3,000	92.80	

4. The weighted-average share price of the stock options exercised in 2021 was NT\$189.78 on the date of exercise.

5. The fair value of stock options granted on grant date is measured using Black-Scholes option-pricing model and the relevant information is as follows:

Type of arrangement	Grant date	Stock price (NT\$)	Exercise price (NT\$)	Expected volatility	Expected duration	Expected dividend	Risk-free	average fair value per unit (NT\$)
71 8	Grant date	(1115)	price (NTS)	voiatility	uuration	urviuciiu	Tate	(1115)
Employee stock								
options plan	2019.1.29	105.5	105.5	34.34%	4 years	NA	0.61%	26.4442

Waightad

6. Expenses incurred on share-based payment transactions are shown below:

	2021	2020
Equity delivery	\$ 19,973	\$ 22,864

(XIV)Provisions

		2021		2020
Balance on January 1	\$	61,193	\$	58,770
Provision for liabilities used in the period	(6,579)	(17,456)
Provision for liabilities added in this period		4,986		19,879
Balance on December 31	\$	59,600	\$	61,193

The analysis of provisions is as follows:

				December 31, 2020		
Current	\$	59,600	\$	61,193		

The Company's provisions for warranty liabilities are mainly related to sales of industrial storage devices and memory modules. The provisions for warranty liabilities are estimated based on the historical warranty information of the products.

(XV)Share capital

1. As of December 31, 2021, the Company's authorized capital was NT\$1,000,000, consisting of 100,000 thousand shares (including 10,000 thousand shares which can be subscribed to as employee stock options). The paid-in capital was NT\$826,680 with a par value of NT\$10. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

The movements in the number of the Company's common stocks outstanding are as follows: (Unit: Share)

	2021	2020
January 1	81,324,040	79,729,451
Stock dividends	-	1,594,589
Exercise of employee share options	1,344,000	-
December 31	82,668,040	81,324,040

- 2. For 2021, the common shares issued due to the exercise of employee stock options were 1,344,000 shares, respectively. As of December 31, 2021, 40,000 shares had not been registered for share capital changes.
- 3. The shareholders' meeting resolved that the 2019 undistributed profits of NT\$15,946

would be capitalized to issue new shares on May 29, 2020. The base date for capitalization was August 29, 2020.

(XVI)Capital surplus

In accordance with the Company Act, any capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of the par value on issuance of common stocks can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the Securities and Exchange Act requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalized, as above, should not exceed 10% of paid-in capital each year. Capital surpluses should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

						202	1					
		Issue	Difference between the price of acquiring or disposing of equities of a subsidiary and the book		Recognition of changes in ownership in		Employee stock					
	_	premium		value		sidiaries	_	options		thers	_	Total
January 1	\$	1,013,516	\$	802	\$	24,439	\$	43,945	\$	-	\$	1,082,702
Share-based payment		-		-		-		19,973		-		19,973
Exercise of employee share	;											
options		143,978		-		-	(32,923)		-		111,055
Expired options		-		-		-	(674)		674		-
Share-based remuneration for												
employees of subsidiaries		-		_		99		-		-		99
December 31	\$	1,157,494	\$	802	\$	24,538	\$	30,321	\$	674	\$	1,213,829

					2020				
		Di	fference						
		bet	ween the						
		ŗ	orice of						
		acc	uiring or						
		dis	posing of	Rec	ognition of				
		equ	iities of a	ch	anges in				
	subsidiary and ownership in				En	nployee stock			
Iss	ue premium	the book value		subsidiaries			options		Total
\$	1,013,516	\$	802	\$	23,282	\$	21,081	\$	1,058,681
	-		-		-		22,864		22,864
	-		-		1,157		-		1,157
\$	1,013,516	\$	802	\$	24,439	\$	43,945	\$	1,082,702
	_	-	Issue premium \$ 1,013,516	Issue premium	between the price of acquiring or disposing of equities of a subsidiary and the book value \$ 1,013,516 \$ 802 \$	Difference between the price of acquiring or disposing of equities of a subsidiary and the book value \$ 802 \$ 23,282 \$ - \$ - \$ 1,157	Difference between the price of acquiring or disposing of equities of a subsidiary and the book value \$ 1,013,516 \$ 802 \$ 23,282 \$	Difference between the price of acquiring or disposing of equities of a subsidiary and the book value \$ 1,013,516 \$ 802 \$ 23,282 \$ 21,081 \$ 22,864	Difference between the price of acquiring or disposing of equities of a subsidiary and the book value \$ 1,013,516

2020

(XVII) Retained earnings / subsequent event

- 1. According to the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the surplus income after the final accounts is distributed to the following accounts in their respective order:
 - (1) Withholding taxes.
 - (2) Make up for past losses.

- (3) Allocate 10% as legal reserve. If the legal reserve has reached the total share capital, no further allocations will be conducted. Special reserve is then allocated or reversed in accordance with the law or regulations of the authority.
- (4) With respect to the balance and the accumulated undistributed surplus of the previous year, the board proposes a surplus distribution to the shareholders meeting for resolution.
- 2. Dividend policy: The Company considers future needs for business operations, long-term financial planning and shareholders' interest in the dividend policy. As the Company is currently in the growing stage, considering the future capital expenditure budget and the need for cash, the annual cash dividends will not be less than 10% of the total of cash and stock dividends. The Company's surplus distribution and shareholders' equity shall not be less than 30% of the current year's surplus.
- 3. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purposes. The use of the legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.
- 4. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.
- 5. The Company's distribution of earnings
 - (1) The appropriations of 2020 and 2019 earnings had been resolved at the stockholders' meeting on July 8, 2021 and May 29, 2020, respectively. Details are summarized below:

		2020)		201	9
			Dividends			Dividends
	per share					per share
	Amo	unt	(NT\$)	1	Amount	(NT\$)
Legal reserve allocation	\$ 9.	3,009		\$	101,426	
Special reserve allocation		1,358			4,080	
Stock dividends		-	_		15,946	0.20
Cash dividends	55.	3,003	6.80		597,971	7.50
	\$ 64	7,370		\$	719,423	

(2) The appropriation of the Company's 2021 earnings had been resolved by the board meeting on February 23, 2022. Details are summarized below:'

	2021	
		Dividends per share
	Amount	(NT\$)
Legal reserve allocation	\$ 156,088	
Special reserve allocation	7,709	
Stock dividends	24,801	0.30
Cash dividends	967,217	11.70
	\$ 1,155,815	

(XVIII) Operating revenue

1. Segmentation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Company derives its revenue from the transfer of goods and services at a point in time in the following product categories and geographical regions:

	 Industrial storage devices and memory modules												
2021	Taiwan		Asia		Americas		Europe		Others		Total		
Revenue from contracts with customers	\$ 2,924,669	\$	2,625,605	\$	1,756,930	\$	1,933,502	\$	187,066	\$	9,427,772		
			Indu	strial	storage devic	es an	d memory mo	dules	S				
2020	Taiwan		Asia		Americas		Europe		Others		Total		
Revenue from	 -				1,418,976		1,281,936		73,900	s	6,626,157		

2. Contract liabilities

(1) Contract liabilities related to contracts with customers recognized by the Company:

	December 3	1, 2021	December	r 31, 2020	January	1, 2020
Contract liabilities - Product sales contracts	\$	8,184	\$	27,005	\$	6,068

4,844

5,667

(2) Contract liabilities at the beginning of the period recognized as revenue of the period

	2021	2020
Product sales contracts	\$ 26,988	\$ 5,958
(XIX) <u>Interest income</u>		
	2021	2020
Income from bank deposits and other interests	\$ 2,372	\$ 3,663
Interest income on financial assets at amortized cost	2,472	2,004

(XX)Other income

		2020		
Rental income	\$	7,812	\$	8,787
Government grants		2,848		-
Others		5,987		21,084
	\$	16,647	\$	29,871

(XXI)Other gains and losses

		2021	2020
Net foreign exchange conversion loss	(\$	24,820) (\$	52,142)
Gain (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment		388 (3)
Investments accounted for using equity method			
remeasured at fair value			
Gain recognized		2,780	-
Gain on disposal of intangible assets		-	2,842
Depreciation charges on investment property	(2,028) (2,028)
Others	(418) (121)
	(\$	24,098) (\$	51,452)

(XXII)Finance cost

	2	.021	2020
Interest expense on bank borrowings	\$	61	\$ 20
Interest expenses on lease liabilities		2,243	1,695
	\$	2,304	\$ 1,715

(XXIII) Expenses by nature

		2021		2020					
	Belonging	Belonging		Belonging	Belonging	_			
	to operating costs	to operating expenses	Total	to operating costs	to operating expenses	Total			
Employee benefits expense	\$ 284,848	\$ 572,684	\$ 857,532	\$ 227,583	\$ 444,465	\$ 672,048			
Depreciation charges on property, plant									
and equipment	\$ 40,594	\$ 19,938	\$ 60,532	\$ 43,508	\$ 19,897	\$ 63,405			
Depreciation charges on right-of-use	·	<u>.</u>	·	-	-	-			
assets	\$ 2,888	\$ 6,427	\$ 9,315	\$ 2,761	\$ 4,023	\$ 6,784			
Amortization charges on the intangible assets and deferred									
assets.	\$ 6,767	\$ 14,732	\$ 21,499	\$ 7,100	\$ 11,648	\$ 18,748			

(XXIV)Employee benefits expense

			2021				2020	
	longing to perating		longing to perating		longing to perating		longing to perating	
	costs	e	xpenses	Total	 costs	e	expenses	Total
Payroll expenses	\$ 242,220	\$	478,415	\$ 720,635	\$ 189,138	\$	360,265	\$ 549,403
Employee stock								
options	-		19,973	19,973	-		22,864	22,864
Labor and health								
insurance fees	22,141		24,445	46,586	19,462		20,882	40,344
Pension costs	9,496		11,110	20,606	8,724		9,853	18,577
Directors'								
remuneration	-		19,925	19,925	-		13,893	13,893
Other employee								
benefit expenses	10,991		18,816	29,807	10,259		16,708	26,967
	\$ 284,848	\$	572,684	\$ 857,532	\$ 227,583	\$	444,465	\$ 672,048

- 1. According to the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the no more than 2% of the net profit before tax is allocated as remunerations for directors and supervisors and no less than 3% of the net profit before tax is allocated as employees' bonuses when distributing profits.
- 2. For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the estimated amount of employees' remuneration was NT\$105,000 and NT\$66,270, respectively; the estimated amount of directors' and supervisors' remuneration was NT\$18,400 and NT\$12,000, respectively; the aforementioned amounts were recorded as salary expenses.

The remuneration to employees and directors and supervisors was estimated and accrued at 5.14% and 0.9%, respectively, based on the profitability of 2021. The actual amounts to be distributed based on the board's resolution were NT\$105,000 and NT\$18,400, respectively, of which employee remuneration would be paid in cash.

The remuneration to employees and remuneration to directors and supervisors approved by the board meeting for 2020 were NT\$66,270 and NT\$12,000, respectively, which were consistent with the amounts recognized in the 2020 financial statements, and have been paid in cash in full as of December 31, 2021.

Information about employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration of the Company as resolved by the Board of Directors and shareholders will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(XXV)<u>Income tax</u>

1. Income tax expense

(1) Components of income tax expense:

		2021	2020		
Current income tax:					
Income tax arising from income of the					
current period	\$	271,532	\$	107,711	
Withholding and provisional tax		112,957		122,800	
Additional tax on undistributed earnings	(14,215)	(14,741)	
Income tax overestimation in the previous					
year	(11,940)	(20,694)	
Total current income tax		358,334		195,076	
Deferred income tax:				<u> </u>	
Origination and reversal of temporary					
differences	(13,343)		2,021	
Others:				<u> </u>	
Additional tax on undistributed earnings		14,215		14,741	
Income tax expense	\$	359,206	\$	211,838	

(2) For the year ended 2021 and 2020, the Company had no income tax related to other comprehensive income and direct debits or credits.

2. Reconciliation between income tax expense and accounting profit

		2021		2020
Income tax calculated based on net profit before tax				
and statutory tax rate	\$	384,019	\$	228,700
Impact of income tax of investment tax credits	(16,000)	(8,000)
Unrealized investment loss on domestic operations	(11,004)	(3,379)
Impact that cannot be recognized according to laws and regulations	(421)		-
Income tax overestimation in the previous year	(11,940)	(20,694)
Additional tax on undistributed earnings		14,215		14,741
Others		337		470
Income tax expense	\$	359,206	\$	211,838

3. Amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities as a result of temporary differences are as follows:

					2021		
				_	nized in		
	Jar	uary 1	_	profit	or loss	Dec	ember 31
Deferred income tax assets:							
Loss on falling prices of							
inventory and inventory	ф	12 000		Ф	24.056	Ф	20.046
obsolescence	\$	13,890		\$	24,956	\$	38,846
Deferred unrealized sales		2.525			220		2.062
benefits		2,525			338		2,863
Provisions for after-sales		10.000	,		210)		11.020
services		12,239	(319)		11,920
Attendance bonus		1,974			340		2,314
Unrealized investment loss on		2.070	,		2.070.		
foreign operations		2,878	(2,878)		407
Unrealized exchange loss		1,222	(_	Φ.	815)	Ф.	407
Subtotal	\$	34,728	_	\$	21,622	\$	56,350
Deferred income tax liabilities:							
Unrealized investment loss on					0.4=0.		0.4=0
foreign operations	\$		(_	\$	8,279)	(8,279
Total	\$	34,728	_	\$	13,343	\$	48,071
					2020		
					nized in		
	Jar	uary 1	_	profit	or loss	Dec	ember 31
Deferred income tax assets:							
Loss on falling prices of	\$						
inventory and inventory							
obsolescence		13,165		\$	725	\$	13,890
Deferred unrealized sales							
benefits		2,720	(195)		2,525
Provisions for after-sales							
services		11,754			485		12,239
Attendance bonus		1,388			586		1,974
Fiscal and tax difference in							
lease accounting		115	(115)		-
Unrealized exchange loss		2,674	(1,452)		1,222
Unrealized investment loss on							
foreign operations		4,933	(_		2,055)		2,878
Total	\$	36,749	(_	\$	2,021)	\$	34,728
4 The Commence in comment	4	41	<u> </u>	1 1		1 1 .	

^{4.} The Company's income tax returns through 2019 have been assessed and approved by the tax authority.

(XXVI) Earnings per share

			2021	
			Weighted average number of share outstanding	Earnings
	Ar	nount after tax	(thousand shares)	per share (NT\$)
Basic earnings per share Current net profit attributable to ordinary				
shareholders Diluted earnings per share	\$	1,560,888	82,426	18.94
Current net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders Impact of conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$	1,560,888	82,426	
Employee remuneration		-	577	
Employee stock options Current net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company plus the potential conversion of all dilutive			858	
ordinary shares	\$	1,560,888	83,861	18.61
			2020	
			Weighted average number of share	
	Ar	nount after tax	outstanding (thousand shares)	Earnings per share (NT\$)
Basic earnings per share Current net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders	\$	931,663	81,324	11.46
Diluted earnings per share	Φ.			
Current net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders	\$	931,663	81,324	
shareholders Impact of conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares Employee remuneration	\$	931,663	450	
shareholders Impact of conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares		931,663		

(XXVII) Business combinations

- 1. The Company acquired 68.11% in equity of Antzer Tech Co., Ltd. on May 18, 2021 in the amount of NT\$19,889 in cash, and obtained control over Antzer Tech Co., Ltd., which sells software and hardware related to automotive electronics.
- 2. Information on the consideration paid for the acquisition of Antzer Tech Co., Ltd., the fair value of the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed on the acquisition date, and the fair value of the non-controlling interests on the acquisition date is as follows:

		May 18, 2021
Consideration for acquisition - cash	\$	19,889
Acquisition-date fair value of equities in Antzer Tech Co., Ltd.		
previously held		9,311
		29,200
Fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed		
Cash and cash equivalents		7,007
Notes receivable		13
Accounts receivable		1,583
Other receivables		134
Inventories		5,197
Prepayments		998
Property, plant and equipment		182
Intangible assets		9,000
Other non-current assets		9,616
Contract liabilities - current	(1,424)
Accounts payable	(829)
Accounts payable related parties	(247)
Other payables	(1,984)
Other current liabilities	(46)
Total identifiable net assets		29,200
Goodwill	\$	-

- 3. The fair value of the identifiable intangible assets acquired (including trademark rights and patent rights) is NT\$9,000.
- 4. The Company had held 31.89% of equity interests in Antzer Tech Co., Ltd. before the business combination, and the gains recognized after remeasurement at fair value were NT\$2,780.

(XXVIII)Supplemental cash flow information

1. Investing activities with partial cash payments:

		2021	2020	
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	\$	145,710	\$	20,653
Add: Opening balance of payable on equipment		-		11,505
Less: Ending balance of payable on equipment	(16,348)		-
Cash paid during the year	\$	129,362	\$	32,158

2. Financing activities with no cash flow effects:

	2021			2020		
Stock dividends	\$	_	\$	15,946		

(XXIX)Changes in liabilities from financing activities

					L	ease liabilities		
		Dividends			(current/non-	(Guarantee
		payable	Short-	term loans	•	current)	dep	osit received
January 1, 2021 Increase in	\$	-	\$		\$	188,162	\$	1,100
borrowings Repayment of		-		185,743		-		-
borrowings Declared cash		-	(185,743)		-		-
dividends Cash dividends paid	(553,003 553,003)		-		-		-
Increase in principal	(333,003)		-		(727		-
of lease liabilities Payment of lease		-		-		6,737		-
liabilities Other non-cash		-		-	(8,343)		-
transactions Increase in guarantee		-		-	(1,381)		-
deposits received Decrease in		-		-		-		524
guarantee deposits received		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	(332)
December 31, 2021	\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$	185,175	\$	1,292
		Dividends				ease liabilities current/non-	(Guarantee
		payable	Short-	term loans		current)	dep	osit received
January 1, 2020 Declared cash	\$	_	\$		\$	107,462	\$	1,207
dividends Cash dividends paid	(597,971 597,971)		-				-
Payment of lease liabilities		_		_	(6,040)		_
Other non-cash transactions		_		_	`	86,740		_
Increase in guarantee deposits received		_		_		-		601
Decrease in guarantee deposits		_		_		_		001
received		_		_		_	(708)
December 31, 2020	\$	-	\$	-	\$	188,162	\$	1,100

VII. Related-party transactions

(I) Related parties' names and relationships

Name of the related party	Relationship with the Company				
Subsidiaries:					
Innodisk USA Corporation	The Company's 100% owned subsidiary				
Innodisk Japan Corporation	The Company's 100% owned subsidiary				
Innodisk Europe B.V.	The Company's 100% owned subsidiary				
Innodisk Global-M Corporation	The Company's 100% owned subsidiary				
Aetina Corporation	The Company's 100% owned subsidiary				
Antzer Tech Co., Ltd.	2021: The Company acquired the control over it				
	in the second quarter of 2021, and it has				
	become a subsidiary of the Company				
	2020: An entity over which the Company has a				
Innadial Changhan Company	significant influence The Company's 100% owned sub-subsidiary				
Innodisk Shenzhen Corporation Affiliates:	The Company's 100% owned sub-subsidiary				
Millitronic Co., Ltd.	An entity over which the Company has a				
willing co., Etc.	significant influence				
Sysinno Technology Inc.	An entity over which the Company has a				
Systems recursingly men	significant influence				
Other related parties:	8				
I-MEDIA TECH CO., LTD.	The chairman of that company and one of the				
	Company's directors are the same person.				
Innodisk Foundation	The amount donated by the Company and the				
	directors is more than one-third of the total fund				
	received by the foundation.				
Key management of Aetina Corporation	Subsidiary's key management and governance				
	unit				
All directors, the general manager and key					
executives.	unit				

(II) Significant transactions with the related parties

1. Sales and processing transactions

(1) Operating revenue

The Company's revenue from sales of goods and services to the related parties is shown as follows:

	2021	2020	
Subsidiaries:	 		
Innodisk USA Corporation	\$ 1,401,964	\$	1,102,008
Innodisk Shenzhen Corporation	748,434		771,840
Others	12,542		3,885
An entity over which the Company has a significant	330		406
influence	\$ 2,163,270	\$	1,878,139

The prices of products sold and services provided to the related parties from the Company are based on the agreements between the parties. The payment terms are net 25 to net 60. There are no significant differences with the non-related parties. The

payment terms for non-related parties are payment in advance and net 30 to 90 days.

(2) Accounts receivable

The Company's accounts receivable from the above transactions with related parties is shown as follows:

	Decen	nber 31, 2021	December 31, 2020		
Subsidiaries:					
Innodisk USA Corporation	\$	270,261	\$	136,312	
Innodisk Shenzhen Corporation		85,534		145,124	
Others		1,422		708	
An entity over which the Company has a					
significant influence		2		72	
	\$	357,219	\$	282,216	

2. Purchase transaction

(1) Operating costs

Details on the Company's purchase transactions with related parties are as follows:

		2021	2020	
Subsidiary				
Innodisk USA Corporation	\$	73,589	\$	32,274
Antzer Tech Co., Ltd.		5,232		-
Other related parties		312		101
An entity over which the Company has a significant				
influence		232		-
	\$	79,365	\$	32,375

The prices of purchase transactions with related parties are based on the agreements between the parties. The payment terms are net 90. There are no significant differences with the non-related parties. The payment terms for non-related parties are payment in advance, 7 days after shipment and net 30 to 90 days.

(2) Accounts payable

The Company's accounts payable from the above transactions with related parties is shown as follows:

	Decer	mber 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Subsidiary	\$	15,761	\$ 2,053
Other related parties		147	-
An entity over which the Company has a		115	-
significant influence	\$	16,023	\$ 2,053

3. Leases and services

(1) Other income

The Company's income from leasing assets to related parties and for providing administrative support and other services is detailed as follows:

	2021				2020			
		Rental	Other		Rental		Other	
		income		income		income	i	ncome
Subsidiaries:								
Innodisk Japan Corporation	\$	3,336	\$	58	\$	3,220	\$	65
Aetina Corporation		-		1,761		-		4,429
Innodisk USA Corporation		-		217		-		4,590
Antzer Tech Co., Ltd.		-		7C		-		-
An entity over which the Company								
has a significant influence:								
Entity:								
Others		127		779		544		2,065
	\$	3,463	\$	2,885	\$	3,764	\$	11,149

The Company's rental income from leasing out offices is negotiated with the related parties and is collected on a monthly basis.

(2) Other receivables

The Company's other accounts receivable from the above transactions with related parties is shown as follows:

	Decemb	er 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	
Subsidiaries:	·			_
Aetina Corporation	\$	232	\$	551
Innodisk Japan Corporation		5		5
An entity over which the Company has a		42		272
significant influence				
	\$	279	\$	828

(3) Other non-current liabilities

The Company's deposits received from the above transactions with related parties are shown as follows:

	Decemb		Decemb	er 31, 2020
Subsidiaries: Innodisk Japan Corporation	\$	166	\$	166
An entity over which the Company has a significant influence		-		95
	\$	166	\$	261

4. Marketing promotion services and miscellaneous purchases

(1) Operating expenses

The Company's expenses incurred by marketing promotion services provided by the related parties and miscellaneous purchases are as follows:

		Selling expenses		2020 Selling expenses	
	Sellin				
Subsidiaries:		_		_	
Innodisk Japan Corporation	\$	35,755	\$	31,817	
Innodisk Europe B.V.		61,832		55,994	
Others		<u>-</u>		206	
	\$	97,587	\$	88,017	

(2) Other payables

The Company's other payables from the above transactions are shown as follows:

	Decemb	December 31, 2020		
Subsidiary		_		
Innodisk Japan Corporation	\$	4,332	\$	-
Innodisk Europe B.V.		3,792		4,226
·	\$	8,124	\$	4,226

5. Transactions of sale of subsidiaries

In the third quarter of 2020, the Company sold the shares of Aetina Corporation to the key management of the entity, as described in Note 6(5).

6. Property transactions

				2021
		Number of	Subject of	Price of
Assets acquired	Accounting item	shares traded	transaction	acquisition
Antzer Tech Co., Ltd.	Note	3,802,072	Common stock	\$ 1,901

Note: The Company acquired Antzer Tech Co., Ltd. on May 18, 2021; the shares acquired increased from 31.89% to 100%, and it is listed as a subsidiary. Please refer to note 6 (27) for details.

2020

				2020
		Number of	Subject of	Price of
Assets acquired	Accounting item	shares traded	transaction	acquisition
Innodisk Global- M	Investments accounted	50,000	Common	\$ 1,494
Corporation	for using equity method		stock	
Millitronic Co., Ltd.	Investments accounted	1,900,000	Common	\$ 19,000
	for using equity method		stock	-

7. Provision of endorsements and guarantees

Endorsements and guarantees provided to related parties:

	Decem	ber 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	
Subsidiaries:		_		
Innodisk USA Corporation	\$	-	\$	19,936
Innodisk Europe B.V.		21,924		24,514
Aetina Corporation		-		45,000
·	\$	21,924	\$	89,450

8. <u>Donations / operating expenses</u>

The operating expenses arising from supporting education development, fulfilling corporate social responsibility and donations to related parties are detailed as follows:

	2021	2020
Innodisk Foundation	\$ 4,000	\$ 4,000
(III) Compensation of key management personnel		
	2021	2020
Short-term employee benefits	\$ 71,819	\$ 64,409
Post-employment benefits	745	422
Share-based payment	4,228	4,382
	\$ 76,792	\$ 69,213

VIII. Pledged assets

Assets pledged by the Company as collateral are as follows:

		Book			
Assets	Decembe	er 31, 2021	December	31, 2020	Purpose of guarantee
Other non-current assets - pledge of time deposits	\$	10,706	\$	7,706	Provide pledged time deposits for lease and customs tax guarantee

IX. Significant contingent liabilities and unrecognized contract commitments

(I) Major contingent liabilities

Not applicable.

(II) Significant unrecognized contract commitments

- 1. The endorsements and guarantees provided by the Company for the bank borrowings to subsidiaries were NT\$21,924 and NT\$89,450 as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.
- 2. Capital expenditures with contracts signed that have not yet been incurred

		mber 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	
Property, plant and equipment	\$	268,544	\$	-

It is the contractual commitment of the Company to purchase the real estate in Xizhi District,

New Taipei City, for NT\$268,544.

X. Losses due to major disasters

Not applicable.

XI. Significant events after the balance sheet date

- (1) The appropriation of 2021 earnings was resolved by the board meeting on February 23, 2022. Details are summarized in Note 6 (17).
- (2) On November 5, 2021, the Company's board meeting passed the resolution to purchase the factory office at "Taiwan Science Park" in Xizhi District, New Taipei City, for operation expansion. The total transaction price is NT\$337,346, and NT\$68,802 (listed as "other non-current assets") has been prepaid. On January 13, 2022, the Company obtained the property right of the factory office and paid the remaining balance.
- (3) On January 24, 2022, the Company's board meeting resolved to build a plant in Yilan Park of Hsinchu Science Park by commissioned construction on leased land, with a total contract amount of NT\$579,500.

XII. Others

(I) Capital management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt. The Company monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. The total debt is the total liabilities reported in the parent company only balance sheet. Total capital is calculated as "equity", as shown in the parent company only balance sheet, plus net debt.

The Company maintained the same strategy in 2021 as in 2020. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, the debt to capital ratio of the Company was 24% and 20%, respectively.

(II) Financial instruments

1. Types of financial instrument

	Decem	ber 31, 2021	Decem	ber 31, 2020
Financial assets		_		_
Financial assets measured at amortized cost				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,824,752	\$	1,992,270
Time deposits due in more than three				
months		600,000		400,000
Notes receivable		1,986		258
Accounts receivable, net		1,178,044		582,340
Accounts receivable related parties		357,219		282,216
Other receivables		2,879		2,627
Other receivables - related parties		279		828
Pledged time deposits		10,706		7,706
Other non-current assets refundable				
deposits		780		8,486
	\$	3,976,645	\$	3,276,731
	·		· <u> </u>	
	Decem	ber 31, 2021	Decem	ber 31, 2020
Financial Liabilities	·	<u> </u>		
Financial assets measured at amortized cost				
Accounts payable	\$	923,937	\$	537,013
Accounts payable related parties		16,023		2,053
Other payables		429,717		275,618
Other payables related parties		8,124		4,226
Other non-current liabilities guarantee				
deposit received		1,292		1,100
	\$	1,379,093	\$	820,010
Lease liabilities - current	<u>\$</u> \$	7,959	<u>\$</u> \$	7,005
Lease liabilities - non-current		177,216		181,157
	\$	185,175	\$	188,162

2. Risk management policies

- (1) The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, including market risk (exchange rate, interest rate and price), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Company's financial position and performance.
- (2) Risk management is carried out by the Company's central treasury department under policies approved by the senior executives, and it primarily identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks.

3. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

(1) Market risk

A. Foreign exchange risk

(A) The Company is a multinational operation and therefore is subject to exchange rate risk arising from transactions between the different currencies of the Company and its subsidiaries, mainly in USD, RMB, JPY and Euro. The

- related exchange risk from future business transactions have been recognized in assets and liabilities.
- (B) The Company's management has set up policies to require companies within the Company to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency. The Company hedges its overall exchange rate risk through its treasury department. Exchange rate risk arises when future business transactions and recognized assets or liabilities are denominated in foreign currencies that are not the entity's function currency.
- (C) The Company's operations involve certain non-functional currencies (the Company's functional currency is the New Taiwan dollar (NTD)), so it is subject to the impact of exchange rate fluctuation. The details of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values that would be materially affected by exchange rate fluctuations are as follows:

	December 31, 2021							
	Foreign	,						
(foreign currency:	currency (in	Exchange		Book value				
functional currency)	thousands)	rate		(NT\$)				
Financial assets								
Monetary items								
USD : NTD	87,455	27.6800	\$	2,420,754				
RMB: NTD	22,086	4.3440		95,942				
JPY : NTD	224,092	0.2405		53,894				
EUR: NTD	204	31.3200		6,389				
Non-monetary items								
- Investment in								
subsidiaries								
USD: NTD	5,981	27.6800		165,544				
RMB: USD	16,715	0.1569		72,595				
JPY : NTD	35,397	0.2405		8,513				
EUR: NTD	1,078	31.3200		33,777				
Financial Liabilities								
Monetary items								
USD: NTD	29,479	27.6800		815,979				
EUR: NTD	4	31.3200		125				
JPY : NTD	5,837	0.2405		1,404				

	December 31, 2020						
	Foreign						
(foreign currency:	currency (in	Exchange		Book value			
functional currency)	thousands)	rate		(NT\$)			
Financial Assets							
Monetary items							
USD: NTD	48,403	28.4800	\$	1,378,517			
RMB: NTD	36,129	4.3770		158,137			
JPY : NTD	154,323	0.2763		42,639			
EUR: NTD	102	35.0200		3,572			
Non-monetary items							
- Investment in							
subsidiaries							
USD: NTD	4,155	28.4800		118,483			
RMB : USD	13,677	0.1537		59,870			
JPY : NTD	29,099	0.2763		7,901			
EUR: NTD	983	35.0200		34,408			
Financial Liabilities				,			
Monetary items							
USD: NTD	15,173	28.4800		432,127			
JPY : NTD	16,151	0.2763		4,463			
EUR : NTD	126	35.0200		4,413			
RMB : NTD	166	4.3770		727			
	100	116 7 7 0					

- (D) Total exchange gain (loss) (realized and unrealized) due to significant foreign exchange rate fluctuations on monetary items held by the Company were NT\$(24,820) and NT\$(52,142) for 2021 and 2020, respectively.
- (E) The analysis of foreign currency risk due to significant exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

		2021								
		Sensitivity Analysis								
			Impact on		Impact on other comprehensiv					
	Fluctuation		profit or loss		e income					
Financial Assets										
Monetary items										
USD : NTD	1%	\$	24,208	\$	-					
RMB : NTD	1%		959		-					
JPY : NTD	1%		539		-					
EUR : NTD	1%		64		-					
Financial Liabilities										
Monetary items										
USD : NTD	1%	(8,160)		-					
EUR : NTD	1%	(1)		-					
JPY: NTD	1%	(14)		-					

			2020						
	Sensitivity Analysis								
	Fluctuation		Impact on profit or loss		Impact on other comprehensive income				
Financial Assets					_				
Monetary items									
USD: NTD	1%	\$	13,785	\$	-				
RMB: NTD	1%		1,581		-				
JPY: NTD	1%		426		-				
EUR: NTD	1%		36		-				
Financial Liabilities									
Monetary items									
USD: NTD	1%	(4,321)		-				
JPY: NTD	1%	(45)		-				
EUR: NTD	1%	(44)		-				
RMB : NTD	1%	(7)		_				

B. Price risk

The Company does not invest in equity instruments and has not yet had price risk associated with equity instrument investments.

C. Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

The Company's transactions have no significant cash flow and fair value interest rate risk.

(2) Credit risk

- A. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Company arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments under contract obligations, and the defaults are accounts receivable and the contract cash flow from debt instruments measured at amortized cost.
- B. The management of credit risk is established with a Company perspective. According to the Company's credit policy, each local entity in the Company is responsible for managing and analyzing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with limits set by the management. The utilization of credit limits is regularly monitored.
- C. The credit risk of the Company's investment in debt instrument measured at amortized cost refers to counterparties defaulting on contractual obligations,

- leading to the Company's financial losses. The Company transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.
- D. In considering the past experience, if the contract payment is overdue for more than 30 days in accordance with the agreed payment terms, the credit risk of the financial asset is significantly increased since the original recognition.
- E. In considering the past experience with payment collection, if a contract payment is overdue for more than 180 days in accordance with the agreed payment terms, it is considered a breach of contract.
- F. The Company categorizes the accounts receivable from customers based on their evaluation ratings. The loss rate method is adopted as the basis for estimating the expected credit loss.
- G. The Company has included the economic indicators and signals of the National Development Council and Basel Committee on Banking Supervision's forward-looking considerations to adjust the loss rate based on historical and current information for a specific period.
- H. The Company uses the following indicators to determine the status of credit impairments of debt instruments:
 - (A) The issuer has suffered significant financial difficulties or is likely to enter bankruptcy or other financial restructuring.
 - (B) The issuer has suffered significant financial difficulties or is likely to enter bankruptcy or other financial restructuring.
 - (C) The issuer delays or does not pay for the interest or principal.
 - (D) Unfavorable changes in the national- or regional-level economic situation resulting in the issuer's default.
- I. The Company will continue the recourse for financial assets that have defaulted to protect the rights of the claims. The Company may write off the amount of financial assets that cannot be reasonably expected to be recovered after recourse.

J. The Company has incorporated forward-looking considerations to adjust the loss rate built according to historical and current data in order to estimate the loss allowance notes and accounts receivables. The loss rates are shown as follows:

_	Not past due	Less than 30 days past due	31 to 60 days past due	61 to 180 days past due	More than 181 days past due	Total
<u>December 31, 2021</u>						
Expected loss rate	0.05%	0.95%	6.46%	19.67%-81.53%	100%	
Notes receivable	\$ 1,986	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,986
Accounts						
receivable	1,518,734	11,758	5,963			1,536,455
Total book value	\$ 1,520,720	\$ 11,758	\$ 5,963	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,538,441
Loss provision (\$ 695)	(\$ 112)	(\$ 385)	\$ -	\$ -	(\$ 1,192)
	Not past due	Less than 30 days	31 to 60 days past	61 to 180 days	More than 181	Total
-		past due	due	past due	days past due	
December 31, 2020		past due	due	past due	days past due	
December 31, 2020 Expected loss rate	0.05%	past due 1.01%	due 6.88%	past due 17.85%-78.32%	days past due	
Expected loss rate	0.05%					\$ 258
Expected loss rate		1.01%	6.88%	17.85%-78.32%	100%	\$ 258
Expected loss rate Notes receivable		1.01%	6.88%	17.85%-78.32%	100%	\$ 258 865,255
Expected loss rate Notes receivable Accounts	\$ 258	1.01%	6.88%	17.85%-78.32%	100%	•

The above is an aging report based on the number of days past due.

K. The Company adopts a simplified method in which the loss allowance for the accounts receivable is shown below:

	 2021		2020
	Accounts receivable		Accounts receivable
January 1	\$ 699	\$	455
Expected loss on credit impairment	493		6,226
Write-offs	-	(5,982)
December 31	\$ 1,192	\$	699

(3) Liquidity risk

- A. Cash flow forecasting is performed by the various departments of the Company and aggregated by the Company's treasury department. It monitors rolling forecasts of liquidity requirements to ensure the Company has sufficient cash to meet operational needs.
- B. The treasury department of the Company invests the remaining funds in interestbearing demand deposits and domestic money market funds, as the instruments chosen have appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient headroom as determined by the abovementioned forecasts. For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, the position of the money market held by the Company is expected to generate immediate cash flow to manage liquidity risk.
- C. The Company does not have derivative financial liabilities. The table below analyzes the non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groups

based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. Except for those listed in the table, others mature within a year. The undiscounted cash flow amount is equivalent to the amount listed in the balance sheet. The remaining undiscounted cash flow of non-derivative financial liabilities is shown as follows:

December 31, 2021 Non-derivative Financial	Less ti	han 1 year	_	1 to 2 years	2	to 5 years	0	ver 5 years	_	Total
Lease liabilities (current/non-current)	\$	10,136	\$	9,228	\$	23,585	\$	182,208	\$	225,157
December 31, 2020 Non-derivative Financial	Less t	han 1 year	_	1 to 2 years	2	to 5 years	0	over 5 years		Total
<u>Liabilities:</u> Lease liabilities (current/non-current)	\$	9,221	\$	7,802	\$	23,312	\$	189,978	\$	230,313

(III) Fair value information

- 1. The Company has no financial instruments measured at fair value, and the book value of the Company's financial instruments not measured at fair value (including cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivable (including related parties), other receivables (including related parties), other non-current assets refundable deposits and pledged time deposits, accounts payable (including related parties), other accounts payable (including related parties), lease liabilities (including current and non-current), other non-current liabilities deposit received) is a reasonable approximation of fair value.
- 2. For fair value information of investment property measured at cost, please refer to Note 6 (9).

(IV) Additional information

In response to the COVID-19 pandemic and the anti-pandemic measures implemented by the government, the Company has adjusted the resources, manpower, and supply chains prudently and flexibly. Meanwhile, we have adopted relevant measures, such as flexible working hours and regular screening, to reduce the impact of the pandemic on the Company's operations. As of February 23, 2022, the changes due to the pandemic did not significantly impact our operations.

XIII. Additional disclosures

(I) Significant transactions information

- 1. Loans to others: None.
- 2. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to Schedule 1.

- 3. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): None.
- 4. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding NT\$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: None.
- 5. Acquisition of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to Schedule 2.
- 6. Disposal of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- 7. The amount of goods purchased or sold with related parties reaches NT\$100 million or more than 20% of the paid-in capital: Please refer to Schedule 3.
- 8. Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to Schedule 4.
- 9. Engagement in derivative transactions: None.
- 10. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods: Please refer to Schedule 5.

(II) Information on investees

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in China): Please refer to Schedule 6.

(III) Information on investments in China

- 1. Basic information: Please refer to Schedule 7.
- 2. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in China: Please refer to Schedule 8.

(IV) Information on major shareholders

For information on major shareholders: Please refer to Schedule 9.

XIV. Operating Segments Information

Not applicable

Innodisk Corporation Cash and Cash Equivalents Statement December 31, 2021

Statement 1

Item	Summary	 Amount	Remarks
Cash on hand and petty cash	l	\$ 562	
Bank deposits			
- NTD demand deposit		666,270	
- NTD checking account		12	
- Foreign currency			
demand deposit	USD 31,853,065 at USD1=NT\$27.6800	881,693	
-	JPY 159,439,288 at JPY1=NT\$ 0.2405	38,345	
	EUR 201,249 at EUR1=NT\$31.3200	6,303	
	RMB 22,077,335 at RMB1=NT\$4.3440	95,904	
	GBP 4,371 at GBP1=NT\$37.3000	163	
Time deposits			
- NTD time deposit		 135,500	
		\$ 1,824,752	

Innodisk Corporation Statement of Current Financial Assets at Amortized Cost December 31, 2021

Statement 2

		Number of		Total			Accumulated	
Name	Summary	certificate	Par value	 amount	interest rate	Book value	impairment	Remarks
HSBC time deposit		- \$	_	\$ 300,000	0.42%~0.43% \$	300,000 \$	-	
E.Sun Bank time deposit				300,000	0.55%	300,000	-	
				\$ 600,000	\$	600,000 \$		

Innodisk Corporation Accounts Receivable Statement December 31, 2021

Statement 3

Customer Name	Summary		Amount	Remarks
Non-related party:				
Customer Z		\$	126,402	
Customer X			90,272	
				The balance of each
Others			962,562	customer account did not exceed 5% of the total balance of this account.
			1,179,236	
Less: Loss allowance		(1,192)	
Non-related party sub-total		-	1,178,044	
Related parties:				
Innodisk USA Corporation			270,261	
Innodisk Shenzhen Corporation			85,534	
				The balance of each
Others			1,424	customer account did not exceed 5% of the total balance of this account.
Related party sub-total			357,219	
Total		\$	1,535,263	

Innodisk Corporation Inventory Statement December 31, 2021

Statement 4

		Amo	ount		
Item		Cost	Ne	et realizable value	Remarks
Raw materials	\$	1,253,468	\$	1,186,194	The net realizable value is
Work in process		193,162		•	determined as the balance after
Finished products		279,849		365,842	subtracting from the estimated
Product inventory		189		98	selling price the estimated cost required for the completion of
		1,726,668	\$	1,817,324	project and the related variable selling expenses.
Less: Allowance for loss from inventory falling prices	(194,234)	-		
. 31	\$	1,532,434			

Innodisk Corporation Statement of Changes in Investments Accounted for Under Equity Method January 1 to December 31, 2021

Statement 5 Expressed in Thousands of NTD

	Opening balance		Increase in this period (Note 2)			Cumul ative		Decrease in this period		Balance	at the end of the pe	riod	Net equity value		
Name	Number of Shares	Amount	Number of Shares	Amount	Investment gain or loss	translat ion adjust ment	Amount of other adjustments (note 1)	Number of Shares	Amount	Number of Shares	Ownership (%)	Amount	Unit price (NT\$)	Total price	Provision of guarantees or pledges
Innodisk USA Corporation	2,046,511	\$ 56,572		\$ -	\$ 38,641	(\$ 2,338) (\$ 1,214)	-	\$ -	2,046,511	100.00%	\$ 91,661	50.49	\$ 103,331	No
Innodisk Japan Corporation	196	7,901	-	-	1,733	(1,121)	-	-	-	196	100.00%	8,513	43,234.69	8,474	No
Innodisk Europe B.V.	50,000,100	34,408	-	-	2,483	(3,773)	-			50,000,100	100.00%	33,118	0.66	33,118	No
Innodisk Global-M Coproration	665,000	61,911	-	-	12,926	(477) (477)	-	-	665,000	100.00%	73,883	110.72	73,629	No
Actina Corporation	10,689,390	151,391	2,672,347	-	63,528	-	99	-	-	13,361,737	74.78%	215,018	16.09	215,018	No
AccelStor Inc.	16,652,700			-	-	-	-	-	-	16,652,700	40.37%	-	0.00	-	No
Millitronic Co., Ltd.	5,415,720	18,232		- (7,731)	-	-	-	-	5,415,720	33.55%	10,501	1.94	10,501	No
Antzer Tech Co., Ltd.	18,622,118	4,751	39,777,882	22,669	1,125	-	-	-	-	58,400,000	100.00%	28,545	0.37	21,543	No
Sysinno Technology Inc.	6,450,000 _	10,140	<u>)</u> -		1,903))	<u>-</u>	-		6,450,000	43.00%	8,237	8.81 _	5,681	No
Total	\$	345,306		\$ 22,669	\$ 110,802	(\$ 7,709) (\$	1,592)		\$ -		<u>:</u>	469,476	<u>\$</u>	471,295	

Note 1: Adjustment for the unrealized gain arising from downstream transactions between subsidiaries and the change in the net worth of equities of affiliates and joint ventures by equity method.

Note 2: The increase in the current period is due to the acquisition of Antzer Tech Co., Ltd. by the Company on May 18, 2021, with the holding from the original 31.89% to 100%, and a total payment of NT\$19,889. In addition, 31.89% of the shares previously held were remeasured at fair value and the recognized benefits were NT\$2,780.

Innodisk Corporation Statement of Changes in Costs and Accumulated Depreciation of Property, Plant and Equipment January 1 to December 31, 2021

Statement 6

Expressed in Thousands of NTD

.				Increase in this period		Decrease in this period		Transfer in the		lance at the end	Provision of pledges	
Item	Opening balance							period	of the period			
Cost												
Land	\$	480,076	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	480,076	No	
Buildings and construction		706,574		34,117	(3,902)		3,680		740,469	No	
Machines and equipment		227,410		37,615	(6,658)		1,425		259,792	No	
Office equipment		29,813		1,515	(154)		=		31,174	No	
Unfinished construction and												
equipment pending acceptance		-		55,500		-				55,500	No	
Others		56,879		16,963	(1,258)		480		73,064	No	
Subtotal	'	1,500,752		145,710	(11,972)		5,585		1,640,075		
Accumulated depreciation	'			_				_				
Buildings and construction	(78,617)	(20,153)		3,902		-	(94,868)		
Machines and equipment	(132,774)	(27,736)		6,658		-	(153,852)		
Office equipment	(16,115)	(5,367)		146		-	(21,336)		
Unfinished construction and												
equipment pending acceptance		-		-		-		-		-		
Others	(39,114)	(7,276)		1,204		-	(45,186)		
Subtotal	(266,620)	(\$	60,532)	\$	11,910	\$	-	(315,242)		
Total	\$	1,234,132	1		_				\$	1,324,833		

Note: Please refer to Note 4 (13) for the description of the depreciation method and service life

Innodisk Corporation Accounts Payable Schedule December 31, 2021

Statement 7

Customer Name	Summary	Amount		Remarks		
Non-related party:						
Supplier G		\$	296,319			
Supplier C			283,384			
Supplier W			53,997			
Supplier A			44,884			
Others			245,353	The balance of each supplier account did not exceed 5% of the total balance of this account.		
Non-related party sub-total		-	923,937	account.		
Related parties:			320,307			
Innodisk USA Corporation			15,761			
Others			262	The balance of each supplier account did not exceed 5% of the total balance of this account.		
Related party sub-total			16,023			
Total		\$	939,960			

Innodisk Corporation Schedule of Sales Revenue January 1 to December 31, 2021

Statement 8

Item	Quantity	Amount	Remarks
Industrial embedded storage			
devices	3,888,332	\$ 4,843,974	
Industrial dynamic random-			
access memory module	4,112,237	4,395,219	
Others	915,723	188,579	
		\$ 9,427,772	

Innodisk Corporation Schedule of Operating Costs January 1 to December 31, 2021

Statement 9

Expressed in Thousands of NTD

Item	Summary	Amount	Remarks
Opening product inventory	•	\$ 251	
Add: Purchase in the period		351	
Less: Ending product inventory		(189)	
Products transferred to		,	
expenses		(56)	
Products transferred to		,	
manufacturing		(357)	
Purchase cost		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Opening raw materials		499,074	
Add: Incoming materials in the		.,,,,,	
period meeting materials in the		6,968,256	
Products transferred to		0,500,250	
manufacturing		357	
Work-in-progress		337	
transferred to			
manufacturing		327,072	
Finished products		321,012	
dismantled and transferred			
into raw materials		663	
		003	
Finished goods transferred to manufacturing		622,579	
Less: Ending raw materials Raw materials transferred		(1,253,468)	
		(07.751)	
to sales		(97,751)	
Inventory loss of raw		(100)	
materials		(108)	
Raw materials scrapping		(2.511.)	
loss		$(\underline{2,511})$	
Raw materials consumed		7,064,163	
Director labor		198,410	
Manufacturing expenses		229,226	
Total manufacturing cost		7,491,799	
Add: Opening work-in-progress		140,574	
Purchased semi-finished		126.470	
products		136,472	
Less: Ending work-in-progress		(193,162)	
Semi-finished products		(
transferred to sales		(22,968)	
Work-in-process scrapping			
loss		(693)	
Work-in-progress			
transferred to expenses		(7,993)	
Work-in-progress			
transferred to			
manufacturing		(327,072)	
Cost of finished goods		7,216,957	

Innodisk Corporation Statement of Operating Costs (Continued) January 1 to December 31, 2021

Statement 9

Expressed in Thousands of NTD

Item	Summary		Amount	Remarks
Add: Opening finished goods		<u> </u>	166,788	
Purchased finished goods			9,306	
Less: Ending finished goods		(279,849)	
Finished goods scrapping				
loss		(149)	
Finished products				
dismantled and transferred				
into raw materials		(663)	
Finished goods transferred				
to expenses		(12,102)	
Finished goods transferred				
to manufacturing		(622,579)	
Cost of finished goods			6,477,709	
Raw materials transferred to				
sales			97,751	
Semi-finished products				
transferred to sales			22,968	
Cost of manufacturing and				
sales			6,598,428	
Other adjustments:				
Loss on decline in (gain				
from reversal of) market				
value and obsolete and				
slow-moving inventories			124,783	
Loss on scrapping				
inventory			3,353	
Product warranty cost			16,071	
Inventory loss			108	
Revenue from sales of				
leftovers and scraps		(107)	
Others			9,707	
Other operating costs			153,915	
Operating costs		\$	6,752,343	

Innodisk Corporation Schedule of Manufacturing Expenses January 1 to December 31, 2021

Statement 10

Expressed in Thousands of NTD

Item	Summary	A	Amount	Remarks
Processing expense		\$	31,135	
Indirect labor			79,469	
Various depreciations			43,482	
Various amortizations			6,767	
				The balance of each account did not exceed
Others			68,373	5% of the total balance of this account.
		\$	229,226	

Innodisk Corporation Schedule of Operating Expenses January 1 to December 31, 2021

Statement 11

Expressed in Thousands of NTD

	Selling			General and Iministrative	Research and development	Expected loss on	
Item		expenses	expenses		expenses	credit impairment	Total
Employee benefits							
expense	\$	140,933	\$	296,409	\$ 135,342	\$ - \$	572,684
Various							
depreciations		438		17,320	8,607	-	26,365
Shipping expense		19,898		14	36	-	19,948
Advertising expense		22,667		140	-	-	22,807
Expected loss on							
credit impairment		-		-	-	493	493
Other expenses							
(note)		139,642		50,131	27,465	-	217,238
	\$	323,578	\$	364,014	\$ 171,450	\$ 493 \$	859,535

Note: None of the other items exceeded 5% of this account's balance.

Statement 12 Expressed in Thousands of NTD

		2021		2020						
Function	Belonging to	Belonging to	Total	Belonging to	Belonging to	Total				
Nature	operating costs	operating expenses	Total	operating costs	operating expenses	Total				
Employee benefits expense										
Payroll expenses	\$ 242,220	\$ 478,415		\$ 189,138						
Employee stock options	-	19,973	19,973	-	22,864	22,864				
Labor and health insurance fees	22,141	24,445	46,586	19,462	20,882	40,344				
Pension costs	9,496	11,110	20,606	8,724	9,853	18,577				
Directors' remuneration	-	19,925	19,925	-	13,893	13,893				
Other employee benefit expenses	10,991	18,816	29,807	10,259	16,708	26,967				
Depreciation expense	43,482	26,365	69,847	46,269	23,920	70,189				
Amortization expenses	6,767	14,732	21,499	7,100	11,648	18,748				

Note:

- 1. As of the end of the current year and the previous year, there were 615 and 576 employees, respectively, including 7 and 8 directors, respectively who did not hold concurrent employee positions.
- 2. If the stock is listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange or the Taipei Exchange, the following information should be disclosed:
- (1) The average employee benefit expense for the year is NT\$1,378 ((Current year's total employee benefit expenses Total remuneration of directors) / (Current year's number of employees Number of directors who do not hold concurrent employee positions)).
 - The average employee benefit expense for the previous year is NT\$1,158 ((Previous year's total employee benefit expenses Total remuneration of directors) / (Previous year's number of employees Number of directors who do not hold concurrent employee positions)).
- (2) The average employee salary expense for the year is NT\$1,185 (Current year's total employee salary expense / (Current year's number of employees Number of directors who do not hold concurrent employee positions)).
 - The average employee salary expense for the previous year is NT\$967 ((Previous year's total employee salary expense / (Previous year's number of employees Number of directors who do not hold concurrent employee positions)).
- (3) The average employee salary expense is adjusted by 23% ((This year's average employee salary expense Previous year's average employee salary expense).
- (4) The Company has only independent directors, so there is no remuneration for supervisors.
- (5) The Company's policy on payment of remuneration.
 - A. Remuneration of directors: It is calculated in accordance with the "Measures for the Payment of Directors' Remuneration" established by the Company, and the Remuneration Committee makes recommendations to the board meeting for approval after considering the extent of their participation in the Company's operations and the value of their contributions.
 - B. Managerial officers: Their remuneration includes fixed salaries and variable salaries. The fixed salary is paid every month, and the variable salary is year-end bonus and employee remuneration.
 - C. Employees: Employee salary includes fixed salary and variable salary. The fixed salary is paid every month, and the variable salary is year-end bonus and employee remuneration.
 - (a) Fixed salary: It is determined based on the title, grade, education (experience), professional ability and job responsibilities undertaken, with reference to industry standards.
 - (b) Year-end bonus: It is based on the Company's current-year operation and performance achievement.
 - (c) Employee profit-sharing: According to Article 19 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the Company shall set aside at least 3% of the profits before tax for the current year before the distribution of profit-sharing with employees and directors as compensation to employees if there is any remaining balance after making up for losses.

The actual amount is resolved by the board meeting and submitted to the shareholder meeting for approval.

Innodisk Corporation Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others January 1 to December 31, 2021

Schedule 1

Expressed in Thousands of NTD (Unless otherwise specified)

		Party being endorsed/guarant	eed	_	Μ	Iaximum						Percentage of accumulated		Ceiling on		f Provision of endorsemen		
		•		Limit on	οι	utstanding						endorsement/gua	l	the total	ts/guarantee	ts/	of	
				endorsements/g	er er	ndorsement/	g Outstanding			Amount of	f	rantee amount to		amount of	s by the	guarantees	endorsem	e
				uarantees		arantee	endorsement	/		endorseme	ents	net asset value of	f	endorsemen		by the	nts/	
Numbe			Relatio	provided for a			e guarantee	Αc	tual	/ guarantee	es	the			company to		guarantee	
r (Note	Endorser /		nship	single party	р	eriod (Note	amount for	am	nount	secured wi	ith	endorser/guarant		provided	the	to the paren		
1)	guarantor	Company name	(Note 2) (Note 3)	4))	the period	dra	awn down	collateral		or company		(Note 3)	subsidiary	company	in China	rks
0	Innodisk	Innodisk Europe																
U	Corporation	B.V.	2	\$ 1,192,198	\$	24,514	\$ 21,924	\$	15,973	\$ -		0.37%	\$	2,980,495	Y	N	N	
0	Innodisk	Innodisk USA																
U	Corporation	Corporation	2	1,192,198		19,975	-		-	-		0.00%		2,980,495	Y	N	N	
0	Innodisk	Aetina																
U	Corporation	Corporation	2	1,192,198		45,000	-		-	-		0.00%		2,980,495	Y	N	N	

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the endorsements/guarantees provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

(1). Fill in 0 for the issuer.

(2) The invested companies are numbered in order starting from 1.

Note 2: Relationship between the endorser/guarantor and the party being endorsed/guaranteed is classified into the following seven categories; fill in the number of categories each case belongs to:

(1) A company with business dealings.

(2) A company in which the Company directly or indirectly holds more than 50% of its voting shares.

(3) A company which directly or indirectly holds more than 50% of the voting shares of the Company.

(4) A company in which the Company directly or indirectly holds more than 90% of its voting shares.

(5) A mutually guaranteed company of the trade or among joint constructors due to the need of the construction contract.

(6) A company jointly endorsed/guaranteed by its shareholders in proportion to their ownerships due to joint venture.

(7) Performance guarantee and joint guarantee by industry peers engaging in a house pre-sale contract in accordance with the Consumer Protection Act.

Note 3: The total amount of endorsements and guarantees of the Company must not exceed 50% of the Company's net worth, and the total amount to a single enterprise shall not exceed 20% of the Company's net worth.

Note 4: Maximum outstanding balance of endorsements/guarantees provided as of the reporting period.

Innodisk Corporation Acquisition of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital or more January 1 to December 31, 2021

Schedule 2

Schedule 2													ssed in Thousands Inless otherwise s	
						R	Relationship		Previous transfer in			Reference for		
The company			Transaction	l .			with the		counterparty is a	a related p	arty	price	Purpose of	Other
which acquired	l Property	Date of	amount				endorser/		Relationship	Transfer	•	determination	acquisition and	agreed
the real estate	name	fact	(note)	Payment status	Counterparty		guarantor	0	wner with the Issuer	date	Amount	•	status of use	matters
Innodisk	Real estate in	November \$	337,346	A total of NT\$68,802 has	Kingfisher	-		-	-	-	-	In accordance	For the	No
Corporation	Xizhi District,	2021		been paid for the first to third	Technology							with the	Company's	
•	New Taipei			phases, and the remaining	Corporation							contract.	operation.	
	City			NT\$268,544 has not yet been	1								1	
	•			paid.										
				paid.										

Note: It refers to the total contract price and deed tax.

Innodisk Corporation Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more January 1 to December 31, 2021

Differences in transaction

Schedule 3

Expressed in Thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

			Transact	tion		terms compared party transa		Notes/accour			
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty name	Relationship with the endorser/ guarantor	Purchase/Sales	Amount	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit Price	Credit term	Balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	Remarks
Innodisk Corporation	Innodisk USA Corporation	Subsidiary	(Sales)	(\$1,401,964)	(15%)	Net 60	As agreed by both parties	Normal	\$ 270,261	18%	
Innodisk Corporation	Innodisk Shenzhen Corporation	Subsidiary	(Sales)	(748,434)	(8%)	Net 60	As agreed by both parties	Normal	85,534	6%	
Innodisk USA Corporation	Innodisk Corporation	Parent company	Purchase	1,401,964	19%	Net 60	As agreed by both parties	Normal	(270,261)	(29%)	
Innodisk Shenzhen Corporation	Innodisk Corporation	Parent company	Purchase	748,434	10%	Net 60	As agreed by both parties	Normal	(85,534)	(9%)	

Innodisk Corporation Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: January 1 to December 31, 2021

Schedule 4

Expressed in Thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

0 1	
Overdue	receivables

o volume receivables											
Companies with accounts	Relationship with the endorser/			Balance of account receivable from	Transcrion note		Amount	A ation talran	sub	nount collected esequent to the valance sheet	Amount of recognized owance for bad
receivable	Counterparty name	guarantor		related parties	Turnover rate		Amount	Action taken		date	debts
Innodisk Corporation	Innodisk USA Corporation	Subsidiary	\$	270,261	6.90	\$	-	Not applicable	\$	110,971	\$ -
Innodisk Corporation	Innodisk Shenzhen Corporation	Subsidiary		85,534	6.49		-	Not applicable		73,598	-

Innodisk Corporation Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods and their business relationships.

January 1 to December 31, 2021

Schedule 5

Individual transactions less than NT\$10 million will not be disclosed. Transactions which are disclosed as part of the parent company's transactions will not be disclosed again.

Expressed in Thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Status of transaction

Number (Note 1)	r Relationship	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	General ledger account	Amount	Transaction terms	Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 3)
0	Innodisk Corporation	Innodisk USA Corporation	(1)	Sales	\$ 1,401,964	Same with other customers	14%
0	Innodisk Corporation	Innodisk Shenzhen Corporation	(1)	Sales	748,434	Same with other customers	7%
0	Innodisk Corporation	Innodisk USA Corporation	(1)	Accounts receivable	270,261	Same with other customers	3%
0	Innodisk Corporation	Innodisk Shenzhen Corporation	(1)	Accounts receivable	85,534	Same with other customers	1%

Note 1: The business dealing information between the parent company and its subsidiaries shall be indicated in the number field respectively. The filling method of the number is as follows:

(1). Parent company is "0".

(2). The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from "1".

Note 2: There are the following three types of relationships with the counterparty, and only the type needs to be indicated (if it is the same transaction between parent and subsidiary companies or between subsidiaries, there is no need to disclose it again. For example, if the parent company has already disclosed its transaction with a subsidiary, then the subsidiary is not required to disclose the transaction:

For transactions between two subsidiaries, if one of the subsidiaries has disclosed the transaction, then the other is not required to disclose the transaction):

- (1). Parent company to subsidiary.
- (2). Subsidiary to parent company.
- (3). Subsidiary to subsidiaries.

Note 3: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the period to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement account.

Innodisk Corporation Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in China) January 1 to December 31, 2021

Schedule 6

Expressed in Thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

	Initial investment (Note 1)				Shares held	as of the end	l of period		Inves	stment income(loss)	,	
Name of Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	Balance at the end of period	End of the previous year	Number of Shares	Percentage	Book value	Net profit (loss) of the investee for the current period	re	ecognized by the pany for the curren period	
Innodisk Corporation	Innodisk USA Corporation	United States	Industrial embedded storage devices	\$ 140,499	\$ 140,499	2,046,511	100	\$ 91,661	\$ 38,521	\$	38,640	
Innodisk Corporation	Innodisk Japan Corporation	Japan	After-sales services and support of industrial embedded storage devices	3,533	3,533	196	100	8,513	1,709		1,733	
Innodisk Corporation	Innodisk Europe B.V.	Netherlands	After-sales services and support of industrial embedded storage devices	17,802	17,802	50,000,100	100	33,118	2,483		2,483	
Innodisk Corporation	Innodisk Global-M Corporation	Mauritius	Investment holdings	20,154	20,154	665,000	100	73,883	12,903		12,927	
Innodisk Corporation	Aetina Corporation	Taiwan	Manufacturing and sales of industrial graphics cards	24,091	24,091	13,361,737	74.78	215,018	84,521		63,528	
Innodisk Corporation	AccelStor Inc.	Taiwan	Computers and computing peripheral equipment manufacturing	224,058	224,058	16,652,700	40.37	-	-		-	
Innodisk Corporation	Millitronic Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Electronic parts and components manufacturing.	54,157	54,157	5,415,720	33.55	10,501	(23,044)	(7,731)	
Innodisk Corporation	Antzer Tech Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Electronic parts and components manufacturing.	57,133	37,244	58,400,000	100.00	28,545	6,923		1,125	
Innodisk Corporation	Sysinno Technology Inc.	Taiwan	Electronic parts and components manufacturing.	12,900	12,900	645,000	43.00	8,237	(4,425)	(1,903)	
Innodisk Europe B.V.	Innodisk France SAS	France	After-sales services and support of industrial embedded storage devices	175	-	-	100.00	659	532		532	
Aetina Corporation (Note 2)	Aetina USA Corporation	United States	After-sales service and support for industrial graphics cards	-	-	-	100.00	-	-		-	

Note 1:

Disclosed at the historical exchange rate Aetina Corporation established the subsidiary Aetina USA Corporation in September 2021, and the capital injection has not been completed as of December 31, 2021. Note 2:

Innodisk Corporation Information on investments in China - Basic data January 1 to December 31, 2021

Schedule 7

Expressed in Thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Investee in China	Main business activities	Paid-in capital	Investment method (Note 1)	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to China	China/Amou		an to unt remitted wan for the		Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to China	Net profit (loss) of the investee for the current period	Ownership held by the Company (direct or indirect)	r	Investment income(loss) recognized by the Company for the current period	Net profit (loss) of the investee for the year	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan	Remarks
						to		back		F			(Note 2)	<i>J</i>		
Innodisk Shenzhen Corporation	Industrial embedded storage devices	\$18,168 (US\$600 thousands) (Note 3)	2. Innodisk Global-M Corporation	\$18,168 (US\$600 thousands) (Note 3)	\$	-	\$	-	\$18,168 (US\$600 thousands) (Note 3)	\$ 13,168	100	\$	13,168	\$ 72,595	\$ -	

Note 1: Investment methods are classified into the following three categories; fill in the number of the category that each case belongs to:

Directly invest in a company in China.

Re-investment in China through a company in a third area (please specify the company in the third area)

(3). Other methods

The investment income (loss) recognized in the current period is based on the investee company's financial statements for the same period audited by the parent company's independent Note 2: accountants in Taiwan.

Disclosed at the historical exchange rate Note 3:

Company name	Accumulated amount of investment remitted from Taiwan to China at the end of the period	Investment amount approved by the Investment Commission of the Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEA)	Ceiling on investments in China imposed by the Investment Commission of MOEA (Note 4)
Innodisk Corporation	\$18,168 (US\$600 thousands) (Note 5)	\$18,168 (US\$600 thousands) (Note 5)	\$ 3,620,106

The cap is 60% of the net worth in accordance with the provisions of the (90) Tai-Cai-Zheng (I) #006130 announced by the Securities and Futures Commission, Ministry of Finance on Note 4:

November 16, 2001.

Disclosed at the historical exchange rate Note 5:

Innodisk Corporation Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in China January 1 to December 31, 2021

Schedule 8

Expressed in Thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

	Sales (Purc	hases)	Property transactions			Accounts rec		Notes endorsement and guarantee or provision of collateral		Financial intermediation				
Investee in China	Amount	%	Amount	%		Balance	%	Balance at the end of the period	Purpose	Highest balance	Balance at the end of the period	Range of interest rate	Current interest rate	Others
Innodisk Shenzhen Corporation	\$ 748,434	7%	\$ -	-	\$	85,534	1%	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -	-

Innodisk Corporation Information on major shareholders December 31, 2021

Schedule 9

	Shares				
Names of major shareholders	Number of Shares Held	Shareholding percentage			
Rui Ding Invest Co., Ltd.	6,252,307	7.56%			
Colbert Global Opportunities Fund II in the custody of HSBC	6,213,922	7.51%			

- Note 1: The information on major shareholders in this Exhibit is compiled by Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation based on the last business day of the quarter in which the shareholders held 5% or more of the Company's common shares and preferred shares whose registration and delivery have been completed in non-physical form (including treasury shares).

 The number of shares recorded in the Company's financial statements and the actual number of shares registered and delivered in non-physical form may differ depending on the basis of preparation of the calculations.
- Note 2: If a shareholder delivers his or her shares to a trust, the above information shall be disclosed by the individual trustor account opened by the trustee. As for the shareholder's declaration of insider's equity in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act, the shareholding of the shareholder includes his or her own shares plus the shares that he or she has delivered to a trust and has the right to decide the use of the trust property, etc. Please refer to the Market Observation Post System for information on insider's equity declaration.